## (CONSOLIDATED)

## Table DF-1: Scope of Application

## (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

#### Top bank in the group

Punjab National Bank (herein after referred to as the 'Bank') is the top bank in the group to which the Capital Adequacy Framework under Basel III applies. The Bank has three domestic and two international subsidiaries which together constitute the Group in the context of Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS).

The Bank has three domestic subsidiaries, namely:

- i) PNB Gilts Ltd.
- ii) PNB Investment Services Ltd.
- iii) PNB Cards and Services Ltd.\*

The Bank has two international subsidiaries, namely:

- i) Punjab National Bank (International) Limited (PNBIL), UK
- ii) Druk PNB Bank Ltd., Bhutan

\*However, PNB Cards and Services Ltd. has not been considered for Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS) as per Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines as the same does not fall under the Scope of regulatory consolidation.

Further, PNB Insurance Broking Pvt. Ltd. is non-functional, the Broking license has been surrendered, capital stands extinguished and liquidator shall be completing the necessary formalities to conclude the winding up procedure.

The Bank is not directly involved in insurance activity. However, Bank has invested in the share capital in the following insurance related Subsidiaries/Associates.

S. No.	Name of the company	Country of Incorporation	Status	Proportion of ownership
1.	PNB MetLife India Insurance Company Ltd.	India	Associate	30 %
2.	Canara HSBC Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Co. Ltd.	India	Associate	23 %

# a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

(i) All the group entities as mentioned above are considered for consolidation under accounting scope of consolidation.

(ii) All the subsidiaries except associates/JVs, insurance and non-financial subsidiaries as mentioned above are considered for consolidation under regulatory scope of Consolidation. Regulatory scope of consolidation refers to consolidation in such a way as to result in the assets of the underlying group entities being included in the calculation of consolidated risk-weighted assets of the group.

Country of incorporati on	entity is included under accounting scope of consolidati on (Yes/No)	consolidati on		consolidati on	difference in the method of consolidati on	Reasons for consolidati on under only one of the scopes of consolidati on
PNB Gilts Ltd.(India) PNB Investment Services Ltd. (India) Punjab National Bank (Internationa I) Ltd. (U.K.) Druk PNB Bank Ltd (Bhutan)	Yes	Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements		Consolidate d in accordance with AS-21, Consolidate d Financial Statements	Not applicable	Not applicable
PNB Cards and Services Ltd.			No	Not Applicable	Not	Non- Financial Subsidiary: Not under the Scope of regulatory Consolidatio n

-	14/1 /-		Atr ended 31			
Name of the entity & Country of incorporati on	Whether the entity is included under accountin g scope of consolidat ion (Yes/No)	Method of consolidat ion	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidat ion (Yes/No)	Method of consolidat ion	Reasons for difference in the method of consolidat ion	Reasons for consolidat ion under only one of the scopes of consolidat ion
PNB MetLife India Insurance Co Ltd JSC (Tengri Bank), Almaty, Kazakhstan \$ PNB Housing Finance Ltd, India Canara HSBC Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Co. Ltd, India India SME Asset Reconstruct ion Co. Ltd, India India SME Asset Reconstruct ion Co. Ltd, India Dakshin Bihar Gramin Bank, Patna, India Sarva Haryana Gramin Bank, Rohtak, India	Yes	Consolidat ed in accordance with AS-23	No	Not Applicable	Not applicable	Associate: Not under the Scope of regulatory Consolidati on

For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021								
Name of the entity & Country of incorporati on	Whether the entity is included under accountin g scope of consolidat ion (Yes/No)	Method of consolidat ion	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidat ion (Yes/No)	Method of consolidat ion	Reasons for difference in the method of consolidat ion	Reasons for consolidat ion under only one of the scopes of consolidat ion		
Himachal Pradesh Gramin Bank, Mandi, India Punjab Gramin Bank, Kapurthala, India Prathama UP Gramin Bank, Moradabad, India Assam Gramin Vikas Bank, Murshidaba Gramin Vikas Bank, Murshidaba d, India Bangiya Gramin Vikas Bank, Murshidaba d, India Manipur Rural Bank, Imphal, India Tripura Gramin Bank, Agartala, India Everest Bank Ltd., Nepal	Yes	Consolidat ed in accordance with AS-23	No	Not Applicable	Not applicable	Associate: Not under Scope of regulatory Consolidati on		

\$ Agency of the Republic of Kazakhstan revoked license of JSC Tengri Bank to conduct Banking, other operation and activities in the securities market and appointed temporary administrator w.e.f. 18<sup>th</sup> September, 2020. On 15<sup>th</sup> February 2021, the decision of liquidation of JSC Tengri Bank came into force by the Appeal Court. On 19<sup>th</sup> February 2021, the Liquidation Commission of Tengri Bank published information of liquidation of the Bank. Committee of Creditors (CoC) has been formed and Liquidation Commission has initiated settlement of claims. Till date seven Committee of Creditors (CoC) meetings have been held, latest being held on 24.02.2022.

# b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation.

					Rs. in millions
Name of the en & Country Incorporation	tityPrinciple ofof the entity	(as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the	bank's Holding in the total equity	treatment of bank's investments in the capital instruments	Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the
NA	NA	legal entity	NA	NA	legal entity NA

## (ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

## c. Group entities considered for regulatory consolidation.

		Tatal bala	Rs. in millions
Name of the entity	• •	Total balance	
& Country of	entity	sheet equity as	
incorporation		on 31 <sup>st</sup> Dec. 2021	on 31 <sup>st</sup> Dec. 2021
		(As per	(As per
		accounting	accounting
		balance sheet)	balance sheet)
PNB Gilts Ltd. (India)	Trading in Govt.	13438.67	167490.69
	Securities, Treasury Bills		
	and Non SLR		
	Investments		
PNB Investment	Merchant banking,	451.66	477.95
Services Ltd. (India)	Corporate Advisory &		
	Debenture Trustee &		
	Security Trustee		
Punjab National	Banking	5142.21	76935.73
Bank (International)	_		
Ltd. (Ù.K.)			
Druk PNB Bank Ltd.	Banking	2332.66	20019.99
(Bhutan)			

**.** .

....

## d. Capital deficiency in subsidiaries

There is no capital deficiency in the subsidiaries of the Bank as on 31<sup>st</sup> Dec. 2021.

e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted:

	Rs. in millions					
Name of the Insurance entities / country of incorporation	Principle activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity (as per accounting Balance sheet of the legal entity) as on	% of bank's Holding in the Total equity / Proportion of voting power	Quantitative Impact on regulatory capital of using risk weighting method versus using the full deduction method		
Canara HSBC		31 <sup>st</sup> Dec. 2021	•			
Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Co. Ltd (India)	Life Insurance	11360.10	23%	Risk weight up to the value of investment		
PNB Metlife India Insurance Company Ltd (India)	Life Insurance	20255.01	30%	Risk weight up to the value of investment		

**f.** Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group is as governed by RBI.

#### Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

#### (a) (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

#### 1. Capital Adequacy

The bank believes in the policy of total risk management. The bank views the risk management function as a holistic approach whereby risk retention is considered appropriate after giving due consideration to factors such as specific risk characteristics of obligor, inter relationship between risk variables and corresponding return and achievement of various business objectives within the controlled operational risk environment. Bank believes that risk management is one of the foremost responsibilities of top/ senior management. The Board of Directors decides the overall risk management policies and approves the Risk Management Philosophy & Policy, Credit Management & Risk policy, Investment policy, ALM policy, Operational Risk Management policy, Policy for internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP), Credit Risk Mitigation & Collateral Management Policy, Stress Testing Policy and Policy for Mapping Business Lines/Activities, containing the direction and strategies for integrated management of the various risk exposures of the Bank. These policies, inter alia, contain various trigger levels, exposure levels, thrust areas etc.

The bank has constituted a Board level subcommittee namely Risk Management Committee (RMC). The committee has the overall responsibility of risk management functions and oversees the function of Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC), Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), Market Risk Management Committee (MRMC) and Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC). The meeting of RMC is held at least once in a quarter. The bank recognizes that the management of risk is integral to the effective and efficient management of the organization.

## 2.1. Credit Risk Management

**2.1.1** Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) headed by MD & CEO is the top-level functional committee for Credit risk. The committee considers and takes decisions necessary to manage and control credit risk within overall quantitative prudential limit set up by Board. The committee is entrusted with the job of approval of policies on standards for presentation of credit proposal, fine-tuning required in various models based on feedbacks or change in market scenario, approval of any other action necessary to comply with requirements set forth in Credit Risk Management Policy/ RBI guidelines or otherwise required for managing credit risk.

**2.1.2** In order to provide a robust risk management structure, the Credit Management and Risk policy of the bank aims to provide a basic framework for implementation of sound credit risk management system in the bank. It deals with various areas of credit risk, goals to be achieved, current practices and future strategies. As such, the credit policy deals with short term implementation as well as long term approach to credit risk management. The policy of the bank embodies in itself the areas of risk identification, risk measurement, risk grading techniques, reporting and risk control systems / mitigation techniques and documentation practice.

Zonal Risk Management Cells (ZRMCs) have been set up at zonal level as an extended arm of HO: IRMD to inculcate risk culture at field level in line with Risk Philosophy of the Bank. The new risk assessment structure focuses on complete segregation of credit risk assessment system from credit underwriting by centralizing the risk rating process parallel to Zonal Level under direct control of Integrated Risk Management Division at Head Office, whereas the credit delivery system shall continue through business delivery structure of credit verticals and zones. The segregation of processes had been introduced to create an independent efficient risk assessment and third eye view based calculation of risk over a borrowing entity.

For better support, control & transparent structure of reporting, organization structure in the bank has been revamped. In this regard, bank has introduced specialized lending branches for catering to loans from Rs 10 lacs to Rs 1 Crore through PNB Loan Point (PLP) in respect of Retail, Agriculture and MSME segments. Mid Corporate Centres (MCC) shall sanction corporate loans above 1 crore upto 10 crore. Corporate Banking Branches (CBBs) shall handle Non Retail Credit proposals above Rs. 10 Crores. LCB & ELCBs for loans above 50 crores has been put in place. All loan proposals falling under the powers of MCC, Zonal Office and Head office are considered by Credit approval Committees.

**2.1.3** Bank has developed comprehensive risk rating system that serves as a single point indicator of diverse risk factors of counterparty and for taking credit decisions in a consistent manner. The risk rating system is drawn up in a structured manner, incorporating different factors such as borrower's specific characteristics, industry specific characteristics etc. Risk rating system is being applied to the loan accounts with total limits above Rs.50 lac. Bank is undertaking periodic validation exercise of its rating models and also conducting migration and default rate analysis to test robustness of its rating models.

Small & Medium Enterprise (SME), Retail advances and lending to agriculture are subjected to Scoring models which support "Accept/ Reject" decisions based on the scores obtained. All SME, Retail loan and Agriculture lending applications are necessarily to be evaluated under score card system.

Recognizing the need of technology platform in data handling and analytics for risk management, the bank has placed rating/ scoring systems at central server network. All these models can be accessed by the users 'on line' through any office of the bank.

For monitoring the health of borrowal accounts at regular intervals, bank has put in place a tool called PNB SAJAG - Early Warning Signal + Preventive Monitoring System (EWS+PMS) for detection of early warning signals to address the issue of monitoring of causes of build-up of stress in assets with a view to prevent/minimize the loan losses.

Bank has also implemented EWS for Retail & MSME segment (exposure up to Rs.1 Crore) through subscription to the services of M/s TransUnion CIBIL Ltd wherein on change in credit profile of retail borrowers & MSME borrowers (exposure up to Rs.1 Crore) with our/other banks, triggers are being generated on daily basis and sent to field functionaries for taking necessary action.

**2.1.4** Bank has implemented enterprise-wide data warehouse (EDW) project, to cater to the requirement for the reliable and accurate historical data base and to implement the sophisticated risk management solutions/ techniques and the tools for estimating risk components {PD (Probability of Default), LGD (loss Given Default), EAD (Exposure at Default)} and quantification of the risks in the individual exposures to assess risk contribution by individual accounts in total portfolio and identifying buckets of risk concentrations.

**2.1.5** As an integral part of Risk Management System, bank has put in place a welldefined Loan Review Mechanism (LRM). This helps bring about qualitative improvements in credit administration. A separate Division known as Credit Audit & Review Division has been formed to ensure LRM implementation.

**2.1.6** The risk rating and vetting process is done independent of credit appraisal function to ensure its integrity and independency. The rating category wise portfolio of loan assets is reviewed on quarterly basis to analyze mix of quality of assets etc.

**2.1.7** The bank has implemented the Standardized Approach of credit risk as per RBI guidelines and further we are in the process of adoption of Internal Rating Based Approaches (IRB). Bank has received approval from RBI for adoption of Foundation Internal

Rating Based Approach (FIRB) on parallel run basis w.e.f. 31.07.2013. Further, bank has placed notice of intention to RBI for implementing Advanced Internal Rating Based (AIRB) approach for credit risk.

## Major initiatives taken for implementation of IRB approach are as under:

- For corporate assets class, bank has estimated PD based upon model wise default rates viz. Large Corporate and Mid Corporate borrowers using Maximum likelihood estimator (MLE). For retail asset class, PD is computed for identified homogeneous pool by using exponential smoothing technique.
- LGD (Loss Given Default) values have been calculated by using workout method for Corporate Asset Class as well as for each homogenous pool of Retail Asset Class.
- Bank has also put in place a mechanism to arrive at the LGD rating grade apart from the default rating of a borrower. The securities eligible for LGD rating are identified facility wise and the total estimated loss percentage in the account is computed using supervisory LGD percentage prescribed for various types of collaterals and accordingly LGD rating grades are allotted.
- Mapping of internal grades with that of external rating agencies grades: Bank has mapped its internal rating grades with that of external rating agencies grades. This exercise helps in unexpected loss calculation and PD estimation.
- Benchmarking of Cumulative Default Rates: Benchmark values of cumulative default rates for internal rating grades have been calculated based on the published default data of external rating agencies. The benchmark values is used for monitoring of cumulative default rates of internal rating grades and PD validation.
- Bank has adopted supervisory slotting criteria approach for calculation of capital under specialised lending (SL) exposure falling under corporate asset class.
- Bank has put in place a comprehensive "Credit Risk Mitigation & Collateral Management Policy", which ensures that requirements of FIRB approach are met on consistent basis.

## 2.2 Market Risk & Liquidity Risk

2.2.1 The investment policy covering various aspects of market risk attempts to assess and minimize risks inherent in treasury operations through various risk management tools. Broadly, it incorporates policy prescriptions for measuring, monitoring and managing systemic risk, credit risk, market risk, operational risk and liquidity risk in treasury operations.

2.2.2 Besides regulatory limits, the Bank has put in place internal limits and ensures adherence thereof on continuous basis for managing market risk in trading book of the bank and its business operations. Bank has prescribed entry level barriers, exposure limits, stop loss limits, VaR limits, Duration limits and Risk Tolerance limit for trading book investments. Bank is keeping constant track on Migration of Credit Ratings of investment portfolio. Limits for exposures to Counterparties, Industry Segments and Countries are monitored. The risks under Forex operations are monitored and controlled through Stop Loss Limits, Overnight limit, Daylight limit, Aggregate Gap limit, Individual Gap limit, Value at Risk (VaR) limit, Inter-Bank dealing and investment limits etc.

The LCR requirement has become binding on the banks from January 1, 2015 with the following minimum required level as per the time-line given below:

	Jan 1, 2015	Jan 1, 2016	Jan 1, 2017	Jan 1, 2018	Jan 1, 2019
Minimum LCR	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%

For Q3 FY'2021-22, the daily average LCR was 194.35% (based on simple average of daily observations) at consolidated level, as against the regulatory requirement of 100%.

The main drivers of LCR of the bank are High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) to meet liquidity needs of the bank at all times and basic funding from retail and small business customers. The retail and small business customer's contribute about 71.32% of total deposit portfolio of the bank which attracts low run-off factor of 5/10% as on 31.12.2021.

## 2.3 Operational Risk:

#### (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

#### **Operational Risk:**

The bank adopts three lines of defense for management of operational risk.

The first line of defence for Operational Risk is the Business Line Operational Risk Managers and Operational Risk Management Specialists at various HO Divisions. The HO Divisions being owner of various banking activities, take up management of operational risks within their owned activities, undertake actions for management/mitigation of these risks and take any business line/division level decisions with respect to operational risk. They propagate ORM policies as laid down by the Board. They analyze the findings of RCSA, KRIs & loss events and initiate action for strengthening of internal processes, management/ mitigation of Operational Risk and explore use of insurance and other mitigating options.

**Second Line of defence** is RMC, ORMC, Group Chief Risk Officer and Operational Risk Management Department (ORMD) which are collectively responsible for framing the Operational Risk Framework/Policy and ensuring implementation thereof. ORMD also acts as a repository of Operational Risk Loss Data Base, KRIs, RCSA Surveys results, Scenario Analyses and used the same for root cause analyses, Operational Risk Management and Measurement. Certain information collected and published by Control Units like Inspection & Audit Division, Management Audit & Review Division, Fraud Risk Management Division and Security Department etc. are used to identify, control, monitor and mitigate the operational risk at Bank wide level. Separate division has been created, presently Mission Parivartan Division, to look into Business Process Reengineering.

**The Third line of defence** is Inspection & Audit Division/ Management Audit & Review Division (IAD / MARD) which are responsible for independent review and validation of Operational Risk Management Framework (ORMF) and Operational Risk Management System (ORMS) at bank wide level.

Operational Risk Management Committee (ORMC) headed by Executive Director looking after Integrated Risk Management Division (IRMD) along with all the other EDs and CGMs / GMs of various divisions as members is the Executive level committee to oversee the entire operational risk management of the bank. All the operational risk aspects like analysis of historical internal loss data (including near miss events, attempted frauds & robberies, external loss events), etc. are placed to the ORMC on quarterly basis. Risk Description Charts (RDCs) and Business Environment & Internal Control Factors (BEICFs) in the form of Risk & Control Self Assessments (RCSAs), Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) are also used to ascertain the inherent and residual risks in various activities and functions of the bank and initiating necessary corrective actions with respect to management/mitigation of the operational risks.

Internal Control is an essential pre-requisite for an efficient and effective operational risk management. Bank has clearly laid down policies and procedures to ensure the integrity of its operations, appropriateness of operating systems and compliance with the management policies. The internal controls are supplemented by an effective audit function that independently evaluates the control systems within the organization.

## (ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

## (b) Capital requirement for credit risk:

	(Rs. in million)
Particulars	31.12.2021
Portfolios subject to standardized approach	565954.91
Securitization exposure	0

#### (c) Capital requirement for market risk (under standardized duration approach):

	(Rs. in million)
Risk Category	31.12.2021
i) Interest Rate Risk	25329.59
ii) Foreign Exchange Risk (including Gold)	270.00
iii) Equity Risk	14982.99
iv) CDS	0.42
Total capital charge for market risks under Standardized duration approach (i + ii + iii + iv)	40583.00

#### (d) Capital requirement for operational risk:

	(Rs. in million)
Capital requirement for operational risk	31.12.2021
i) Basic indicator approach	56594.71
ii) The Standardized approach (if applicable)	-

### PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK Pillar 3 Disclosures under Basel III Framework For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021 (e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios:

<b>Punjab National</b>	Bank (	(Group	)
------------------------	--------	--------	---

	31.12.2021
Common equity Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	10.99
Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	12.24
Tier 2 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	2.69
Total Capital ratio (CRAR) (%) (Basel- III)	14.93

## For Significant Bank Subsidiaries:

Name of subsidiary	Common equity Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	Additional Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	Tier 2 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	Total Capital ratio (CRAR) (%) (Basel- III)
	31.12.2021	31.12.2021	31.12.2021	31.12.2021	31.12.2021
PNB Gilts Ltd	25.08	0	25.08	0	25.08
Punjab National Bank (International) Ltd.*	15.53	5.27	20.80	2.39	23.19
PNB Investment Services Ltd.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Druk PNB Bank Ltd.	14.73	0	14.73	1.73	16.46
PNB Insurance Broking Pvt. Ltd.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

\*The capital ratios are as per IFRS Accounting Standard

# Table DF- 3: Credit Risk: General Disclosures

# (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

(a)

**3.1** Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the bank. Further, an impaired asset is a loan or an advance where:

- (i) Interest and/or installment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan.
- (ii) The account remains out of order in respect of an overdraft/cash credit continuously for a period of 90 days.

Account will be treated out of order, if:

- The outstanding balance in CC/OD accounts remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power for 90 days, or

- In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period

- (iii) In case of bills purchased & discounted, the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days
- (iv) The installment or principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration and the installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops in case of Agricultural loans.

The classification of an assets as overdue/impaired, reflects the status of an account at the day-end of that calendar date, irrespective of the time of running of such processes.

Credit approving authority, prudential exposure limits, industry exposure limits, credit risk rating system, risk based pricing and loan review mechanisms are the tools used by the bank for credit risk management. All these tools have been defined in the Credit Management & Risk Policy of the bank. At the macro level, policy document is an embodiment of the Bank's approach to understand measure and manage the credit risk and aims at ensuring sustained growth of healthy loan portfolio while dispensing the credit and managing the risk.

## (ii) Quantitative Disclosures

(b) The total gross credit risk exposures:	(Rs. in million)
Category	31.12.2021
Fund Based exposure	8592455.90
Non Fund Based (O/s)	702317.85

(c) The geographic distribution of e	xposures:	(Rs. in million)
Category	Overseas	Domestic
	31.12.2021	31.12.2021
Fund Based exposure	287910.39	8304545.52
Non Fund Based (O/s)	3588.92	698728.93

(d)

(i) Industry type distribution of Exposures (Fund Based O/S as on 31.12.2021) on Consolidated basis is as under:

Industry Name	(Rs. In Million)
A. Mining and Quarrying	19784.45
A.1 Coal	12886.60
A.2 Others	6897.85

Industry Name	(Rs. In Million)
B. Food Processing	207275.33
B.1 Sugar	46205.58
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	16937.49
B.3 Tea	7851.52
B.4 Coffee	105.48
B.5 Others	136175.26
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	3005.18
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	746.80
C.2 Others	2258.38
D. Textiles	130892.90
D.1 Cotton	35687.02
D.2 Jute	918.33
D.3 Man-made	13905.14
D.4 Others	80382.41
E. Leather and Leather products	12052.16
F. Wood and Wood Products	10864.40
G. Paper and Paper Products	23621.74
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	81568.43
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	108024.50
I.1 Fertilizers	41055.17
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	14203.17
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure)	23457.17
I.4 Others	29308.99
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	36085.95
K. Glass & Glassware	6742.65
L. Cement and Cement Products	14220.02
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products	214771.83
M.1 Iron and Steel	173062.21
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	41709.62
N. All Engineering	68018.48
N.1 Electronics	25496.14
N.2 Others	42522.33
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	12692.70
P. Gems and Jewellery	98179.92
Q. Construction	37560.77
R.Infrastructure	1087480.10
R.1 Energy	437222.13
R.2 Transport	377290.43
R.3 Communication	149822.73
R.4 Others	123144.81
S. Other Industries	367012.28

Industry Name	(Rs. In Million)
All Industries (A to S)	2539853.75
T. Residuary other advances	5092603.42
TOTAL Fund Based (Domestic+ Overseas) Advances	7632457.17

Industry where Fund-Based Exposure (O/S as on 31.12.2021) on consolidated basis is more than 5% of Gross Fund Based Exposure (O/S):

S.No.	Industry Name	(Rs. in million)
1	Energy (Infrastructure)	437222.13
2	Transport(Infrastructure)	377290.43

(ii) - Industry type distribution of Exposures (Non Fund Based O/S as on 31.12.2021) on consolidated basis is as under:

Industry Name	(Rs. In Millions)
A. Mining and Quarrying	3025.57
A.1 Coal	2081.11
A.2 Others	944.46
B. Food Processing	22179.65
B.1 Sugar	1751.55
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	11756.78
B.3 Tea	136.55
B.4 Coffee	0.00
B.5 Others	8534.78
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	479.49
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	0.10
C.2 Others	479.39
D. Textiles	8275.55
D.1 Cotton	1376.81
D.2 Jute	13.26
D.3 Man-made	1786.04
D.4 Others	5099.44
E. Leather and Leather products	1446.61
F. Wood and Wood Products	1097.36
G. Paper and Paper Products	1953.83
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	2696.96
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	13023.94
I.1 Fertilizers	1024.40
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	2977.63
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure)	3504.76

Industry Name	(Rs. In Millions)
I.4 Others	5517.15
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	5602.05
K. Glass & Glassware	753.06
L. Cement and Cement Products	1008.23
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products	87610.57
M.1 Iron and Steel	85427.98
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	2182.59
N. All Engineering	52641.93
N.1 Electronics	22713.76
N.2 Others	29928.17
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipment's	2454.32
P. Gems and Jewellery	984.39
Q. Construction	26371.07
R. Infrastructure	151475.92
R.1 Energy	48151.76
R.2 Transport	63300.61
R.3 Communication	11985.45
R.4 Others	28038.10
S. Other Industries, pl. specify	11890.72
All Industries (A to S)	394971.22
T. Residuary other advances	307346.63
TOTAL Non-Fund Based (Domestic+ Overseas) Advances	702317.85

Industry where Non- Fund based Exposure (O/S as on 31.12.2021) on Consolidated basis is more than 5% of Gross Non-Fund based Exposure (O/S):

S. No.	Industry Name	(Rs. In Million)
1.	Iron & Steel	85427.98
2.	Energy	48151.76
3.	Transport	63300.61

(e) The residual contractual maturity break down of assets is:

			(Rs. in million)
Maturity Pattern	Advances*	Investments	Foreign
		(Gross)	Currency Assets
Next day	20016.76	35.09	96450.72
2 - 7 days	135562.94	18187.18	5492.87
8 -14 days	69283.80	22876.66	22719.10
15- 30 days	199835.07	36590.06	59209.42
31days - 2months	339740.76	72308.82	113088.39
Over 2 months & upto 3 Months	324686.53	80808.06	46375.19
Over 3 Months to 6 months	450027.02	38018.78	130689.10
Over 6 Months & upto 1 year	283431.43	140057.09	52866.17
Over 1Year & upto 3 Years	1352026.89	374615.01	171524.75
Over 3 Years & upto 5 Years	2680914.17	522698.56	133964.74
Over 5 Years	1127852.42	2716463.18	25031.59
Total	6983377.77	4022658.49	857412.04

\*Figures are shown on net basis.

(f) The gross NPAs are:

()	(Rs. in million)
Category	31.12.2021
Sub Standard	188886.04
Doubtful – 1	134301.25
Doubtful – 2	307932.18
Doubtful – 3	134948.16
Loss	231661.61
Total NPAs (Gross)	997729.24

## (g) The amount of Net NPAs is:

	(Rs. in million)
Particulars	31.12.2021
Net NPA	339835.95

(h) The NPA Ratios are as under:

NPA Ratios	31.12.2021
% of Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	13.07%
% of Net NPAs to Net Advances	4.87%

## (i) The movement of gross NPAs is as under:

	(Rs. in million)
Movement of gross NPAs	31.12.2021
i) Opening Balance at the beginning of the year	1070967.59
ii) Addition during the period	187719.21
iii) Reduction during the period	260957.56
iv) Closing Balance as at the end of the period (i + ii - iii)	997729.24

(j) The movement of provision with a description of each type of provision is as under:

Name of Provisions	Opening Provisions as on 01.04.2021	Provision made during the period	Adjustment / Transfer / Write-off	(Rs. in million) Provision as on 31.12.2021
Provision for Standard Assets	47661.37	17976.93	(7744.89)	57893.42
Provision for Standard Derivatives	304.40	201.96	-	506.36
Provision for NPAs (excluding Standard Assets)	676612.22	148874.92	(177025.21)	649640.36

(k) The amount of non-performing investment is:

	(Rs. in million)
Particulars	31.12.2021
Amount of non-performing investment	48141.82

(I) The amount of provisions held for non-performing investment is:

	(Rs. in million)
Particulars	31.12.2021
Amount of provision held for non-performing investment	45626.95

(m) The movement of provisions for depreciation on investments is:

	(Rs. in million)
Movement of provisions for depreciation on investments	31.12.2021
i) Opening balance at the beginning of the year	72284.61
ii) Provisions made during the period	16296.17
iii) Write-off made during the period	(14540.77)
iv) Write-back of excess provisions made during the period	(4558.59)
v) Closing balance as at the end of the period (i + ii –iii-iv)	69481.42

(n) NPA and provisions maintained by major industry or counterparty type as on 31.12.2021

				(Rs. in million)	
	Amount of NPA	•	•	Write-offs during	
industry or counter-			-	the current period	
	past due loans		during the		
	be provided		current period		
	separately)				
A. Mining and Quarrying	1551.20	1027.25			
0		35695.38			
		21369.67			
D. Chemical & Chemical Products	5391.47	2826.43			
E. Cement and Cement Products		639.17			
F. Basic Metal and Metal products	21632.94	13953.26			
G. Petroleum(Non Infra), Coal Products(Non Mining) and nuclear fuels	224 27	134.18			
	13827.56	7298.83			
<u> </u>			Bank has made a provisions of Rs.95980.2	Bank has written of	
	22549.59	19535.92	Bank has made a	Rs. 111716.4	
K. Infrastructure	124130.29	82985.11	provisions of	Million during	
L. Computer Software	0.00	0.00	Million towards	current FY 9M ended on	
	47108.95	33157.49	NPA	31.12.2021	
ŕ	18.38	18.38			
O. Beverages & Tobacco	297.26	164.69			
P. Leather and Leather Products	1699.55	894.92			
Q. Wood and Wood products		1108.45			
R. Paper and Paper Products		1164.05			
S. Rubber, plastic and their products	7060.39	4403.25			
T. Vehicle, Vehicle parts and Transport equipment's	1726.07	827.83			
U. Glass & Glassware	596.42	259.05			

(o) Geography-wise NPA and provisions as on 31.12.2021

(i)

		(Rs. in million)
Amount of Gross NPA	Overseas (Outside India)	Domestic (In India)
997729.24	30655.14	967074.10

(ii)

		(Rs. in million)
Provisions	Overseas (Outside India)	Domestic (In India)
Specific provisions	- 25841.16	600600.60
General Provisions	23641.10	622620.69

# Table DF- 4 - Credit Risk: Disclosures for Portfolios Subject to the Standardized Approach

## **Qualitative Disclosures:**

(a)

**4.1.** Bank has approved the following seven domestic credit rating agencies accredited by RBI for mapping its exposure with domestic borrowers under standardized approach of credit risk.

- Brickwork
- CARE
- CRISIL
- ICRA
- India Ratings
- Acuite (Erstwhile SMERA)
- INFOMERICS

Bank has also approved the following three international credit rating agencies accredited by RBI in respect of exposure with overseas borrowers.

- FITCH
- Moody's
- Standard & Poor

These agencies are being used for rating (Long Term & Short Term) of fund based/ non fund based facilities provided by the bank to the borrowers. The bank uses solicited rating from the chosen credit rating agencies.

The ratings available in public domain are mapped according to mapping process as envisaged in RBI guidelines on the subject.

# (ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

(b) For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach, amount of a bank's outstanding (rated and unrated) in the following three major risk buckets as well as those that are deducted are as under:

	(RS. IN MIIIION)
Particulars	31.12.2021
i) Below 100% risk weight exposure outstanding	7497627.33
ii) 100% risk weight exposure outstanding	1214750.96
iii) More than 100% risk weight exposure outstanding	531915.22
iv) Deducted	0.00

Table DF - Disclosures in respect of computation of leverage ratio:

				(1	Rs. in million)
	31.12.2020 PNB 2.0	31.03.2021 PNB 2.0	30.06.2021 PNB 2.0	30.09.2021 PNB 2.0	31.12.2021 PNB 2.0
Capital Measure	612910.40	618806.30	642410.85	655614.2	649648.4
Exposure Measure	13698533.76	13694387.69	13789545.83	14119583.06	14292878.4
Leverage Ratio	4.47%	4.52%	4.66%	4.64%	4.55%

## PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK Pillar 3 Disclosures under Basel III Framework For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021 Important ratios on Solo Basis

# (a) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios:

# Punjab National Bank (SOLO)

	31.12.2021
Common equity Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	10.99%
Tier 1 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	12.22%
Tier 2 Capital ratio (%) (Basel- III)	2.69%
Total Capital ratio (CRAR) (%) (Basel- III)	14.91%

(b)

# (i) Industry type distribution of Exposures (Fund Based O/S as on 31.12.2021) on Solo basis is as under:

INDUSTRY NAME	(Rs. in million)
A. Mining and Quarrying	17019.70
A.1 Coal	10275.41
A.2 Others	6744.29
B. Food Processing	205913.80
B.1 Sugar	46205.58
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	16937.49
B.3 Tea	7851.52
B.4 Coffee	105.48
B.5 Others	134813.73
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	2456.43
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	198.06
C.2 Others	2258.38
D. Textiles	130461.89
D.1 Cotton	35652.32
D.2 Jute	918.33
D.3 Man-made	13905.14
D.4 Others	79986.11
E. Leather and Leather products	12052.16
F. Wood and Wood Products	10333.68
G. Paper and Paper Products	23424.35
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear	80389.06
Fuels	
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	107233.69
I.1 Fertilizers	41055.17
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	13412.36
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure)	23457.17
I.4 Others	29308.99
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	36085.95
K. Glass & Glassware	5844.04

L. Cement and Cement Products	14164.81
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products	212316.87
M.1 Iron and Steel	172293.24
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	40023.64
N. All Engineering	66918.73
N.1 Electronics	25492.34
N.2 Others	41426.39
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	11783.89
P. Gems and Jewellery	96865.08
Q. Construction	33158.70
R.Infrastructure	1082890.07
R.1 Energy	435792.66
R.2 Transport	374342.11
R.3 Communication	149610.49
R.4 Others	123144.81
S. Other Industries	313906.52
All Industries (A to S)	2463219.42
T. Residuary other advances	5089842.26
TOTAL Fund Based (Domestic+ Overseas) Advances	7553061.68

Industry where Fund-Based Exposure (O/S as on 31.12.2021) on Solo basis is more than 5% of Gross Fund Based Exposure (O/S):

S. No.	Industry Name	(Rs. in million)
1	Energy (Infrastructure)	435792.66
2	Transport	374342.11

(ii) - Industry type distribution of Exposures (Non Fund Based O/S as on 31.12.2021) on Solo basis is as under:

Industry Name	(Rs. in million)
A. Mining and Quarrying	3025.57
A.1 Coal	2081.11
A.2 Others	944.46
B. Food Processing	22179.35
B.1 Sugar	1751.55
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	11756.78
B.3 Tea	136.55
B.4 Coffee	0.00
B.5 Others	8534.48
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	478.84
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	0.10
C.2 Others	478.74
D. Textiles	8275.55

Industry Name	(Rs. in million)
D.1 Cotton	1376.81
D.2 Jute	13.26
D.3 Man-made	1786.04
D.4 Others	5099.44
E. Leather and Leather products	1446.61
F. Wood and Wood Products	1090.28
G. Paper and Paper Products	1953.83
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	2696.96
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	13015.60
I.1 Fertilizers	1024.40
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	2969.30
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure)	3504.76
I.4 Others	5517.15
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	5602.05
K. Glass & Glassware	753.06
L. Cement and Cement Products	1008.08
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products	87610.46
M.1 Iron and Steel	85427.88
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	2182.59
N. All Engineering	52641.85
N.1 Electronics	22713.68
N.2 Others	29928.17
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	2220.78
P. Gems and Jewellery	984.39
Q. Construction	26202.60
R.Infrastructure	151427.62
R.1 Energy	48151.76
R.2 Transport	63300.61
R.3 Communication	11937.15
R.4 Others	28038.10
S. Other Industries, pl. specify	11317.74
All Industries (A to S)	393931.22
T. Residuary other advances	699387.90
TOTAL Fund Based (Domestic+ Overseas) Advances	699387.90

Industry where Non- Fund based Exposure (O/S as on 31.12.2021) on Solo basis is more than 5% of Gross Non-Fund based Exposure (O/S):

S. No.	Industry Name	(Rs. in million)
1.	Iron & Steel	85427.88
2.	Energy	48151.76
3.	Transport	63300.61

## The NPA Ratios are as under:

NPA Ratios	31.12.2021
SOLO	%
% of Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	12.88
% of Net NPAs to Net Advances	4.90

#### PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK Pillar 3 Disclosures under Basel III Framework For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021 QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO

The bank has implemented RBI guidelines on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) from 1<sup>st</sup> January 2015.

The LCR standard aims to ensure that a bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be readily converted into cash at little/no loss of value to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a liquidity stress scenario.

#### LCR has two components:

- i. The value of the stock of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)–*The Numerator*.
- ii. Total Net Cash Outflows: Total expected cash outflows minus Total expected cash inflows, in stress scenario, for the subsequent 30 calendar days *The denominator.*

## Definition of LCR:

Stock of high quality liquid assets (HQLAs) Total net cash outflows over the next 30 calendar days ≥ 100% (w.e.f 01.04.2021)

The LCR requirement has become binding on the banks with the following minimum required level as per the time-line given below:

	Jan 1, 2015	Jan 1, 2016	Jan 1, 2017	Jan 1, 2018	Jan 1, 2019
Minimum LCR	60%	70%	80%	90%	100%

For Q3 FY'2021-22, the daily average LCR was 194.35% (based on simple average of daily observations) at consolidated level, as against the regulatory requirement of 100%.

The main drivers of LCR of the bank are High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) to meet liquidity needs of the bank at all times and basic funding from retail and small business customers. The retail and small business customer's contribute about 71.32% of total deposit portfolio of the bank which attracts low run-off factor of 5/10% as on 31.12.2021.

#### Composition of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)

HQLAs comprises of Level 1 and Level 2 assets. Level 2 assets are further divided into Level 2A and Level 2B assets, keeping in view their marketability and price volatility.

Level-1assets are those assets which are highly liquid. For quarter ended December 31, 2021, the Level-1 asset of the bank includes Cash in Hand, Excess CRR, Government Securities in excess of minimum SLR, Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by foreign sovereign, MSF and FALLCR totalling to Rs. 317276.25 cr (based on simple average of daily observations).

Level-2A & 2B assets are those assets which are less liquid and their weighted amount comes to Rs. 8440.64 cr (based on simple average of daily observations). Break-up of daily observation Average HQLA during quarter ended December 31, 2021 is given hereunder:

High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs)	Average %age contribution to HQLA
Level 1 Assets	
Cash in hand	1.02%
Excess CRR balance	0.57%
Government Securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement	36.92%
Government securities within the mandatory SLR requirement, to the extent allowed by RBI under MSF (presently to the extent of 3 per cent of NDTL)	9.71%
Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by foreign sovereigns having 0% risk-weight under Basel II Standardized Approach	0.63%
Facility to avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio – FALLCR (presently to the extent of 15 per cent of NDTL)	48.56%
Total Level 1 Assets	97.41%
Total Level 2A Assets	2.44%
Total Level 2B Assets	0.15%
Total Stock of HQLAs	100.00%

# **Concentration of Funding Sources**

This metric includes those sources of funding, whose withdrawal could trigger liquidity risks. It aims to address the funding concentration of bank by monitoring its funding requirement from each significant counterparty and each significant product/ instrument. As per RBI guidelines, a "significant counterparty/Instrument/product" is defined as a single counterparty/Instrument/product or group of connected or affiliated counter-parties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the bank's total liabilities.

The bank has no significant counterparty (deposits/borrowings) as at 31.12.2021. Top 20 depositors of the bank constitute 3.51% of bank's total Deposit as at December 31, 2021. The significant product/ instrument include Saving Fund, Current deposit, Core Term Deposit and DRI deposit the funding from which are widely spread and cannot create concentration risk for the bank.

## Derivative exposure

The bank has low exposure in derivatives having negligible impact on its liquidity position.

## Currency Mismatch

As per RBI guidelines, a currency is considered as "significant" if the aggregate liabilities denominated in that currency amount to 5 per cent or more of the bank's total liabilities. In our case, only USD (16.03 % of bank's total liabilities) falls in this criteria whose impact on total outflows in LCR horizon can be managed easily as the impact is not large considering the size of balance sheet of the bank.

## <u>Degree of centralization of liquidity management and interaction between group's</u> <u>units</u>

The group entities are managing liquidity on their own. However, the bank has put in place a group-wide contingency funding plan to take care of liquidity requirement of the group as a whole in the stress period.

	LCR Disclosure Template as at 31.12.2021							
	QUANTITATIVE DISCLOSURE							
	(On consolidated basis {including domestic & foreign subsidiaries}) Amount in INR Crore							
	31.12.2021 30.09.2021							
		Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)*	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)*			
	Based on the simple average of daily 62 Data Points 64 Data Points observations							
	High Quality Liquid Assets							
1	1 Total High Quality Liquid 325716.89 347401. Assets (HQLA)							
		Cash O	utflows					
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers of which :	769280.58	71792.95	792909.15	73486.01			
(i)	Stable deposits	102702.16	5135.11	116098.21	5804.91			
(ii)	Less stable deposits	666578.42	66657.84	676810.94	67681.09			
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	211150.40	106572.62	219745.18	111092.81			
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	211150.40	106572.62	219745.18	111092.81			

	For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021							
(iii)	Unsecured debt	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
4	Secured wholesale funding		0.00		0.00			
5	Additional requirements, of which	91570.08	8052.92	96970.25	8638.60			
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	600.40	600.40	165.19	165.19			
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	90969.68	7452.52	96805.06	8473.41			
6	Other contractual funding obligations	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
7	Other contingent funding obligations	81199.35	2821.20	83009.11	2866.51			
8	Total Cash Outflows		189239.70		196083.93			
		Cash	Inflows					
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	52102.49	0.00	53851.06	0.00			
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	23470.55	19537.58	23096.90	19768.87			
11	Other cash inflows	2107.73	2107.73	1338.49	1338.49			
12	Total Cash Inflows	77680.77	21645.31	78286.45	21107.36			
	Total Adjusted Value							
13	TOTAL HQLA		325716.89		347401.01			
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		167594.39		174976.58			
15	(%)		194.35%		198.54%			
* S	* Simple averages of Daily observations over previous quarter							

# QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ON NET STABLE FUNDING RATIO

The Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) are significant components of the Basel III reforms. The LCR guidelines which promote short term resilience of a bank's liquidity profile have been issued vide circular DBOD.BP.BC.No.120/21.04.098/2013-14 dated June 9, 2014. The NSFR guidelines on the other hand ensure reduction in funding risk over a longer time horizon by requiring banks to fund their activities with sufficiently stable sources of funding in order to mitigate the risk of future funding stress.

In the Indian context, the guidelines for NSFR were effective from October 1, 2021. The NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of

required stable funding. "Available stable funding" (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The amount of stable funding required ("Required stable funding") (RSF) of a specific institution is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that institution as well as those of its off-balance sheet (OBS) exposures. The run-off factors for the stressed scenarios are prescribed by the RBI, for various categories of liabilities (viz., deposits, unsecured and secured wholesale borrowings), undrawn commitments, derivative-related exposures, and offset with inflows emanating from assets maturing within the same time period. The minimum NSFR requirement set out in the RBI guideline for the standalone Bank and for Group effective October 1, 2021 is 100%.

The PNB on a consolidated basis at  $31^{st}$  Dec, 2021 maintained Available Stable Funding (ASF) of ₹ 11,00,621 Crore against the RSF requirement of ₹ 6,98,694 crore. The NSFR for the quarter ended December 31, 2021 was at 157.53%.

The Available Stable Funding (ASF) is primarily driven by the total regulatory capital as per Basle III Capital Adequacy guidelines stipulated by RBI and deposits from retail customers, small business customers and non-financial corporate customers. Under the Required Stable Funding (RSF), the primary drivers are unencumbered performing loans with residual maturities of one year or more.

NSFR Disclosure as of 31.12.2021						
	Unweighted value by residual maturity				Weighted	
(₹ in Crore)	No maturity*	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	value	
ASF Item						
1 Capital: (2+3)	92420	2250	3730	19094	117494	
2 Regulatory capital	91341	2250	3730	19094	116415	
3 <sup>Other</sup> capital	1079	0	0	0	1079	
Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	423639	26903	237138	205844	829507	
5Stable deposits	60048	5061	29914	91224	181497	
6 <mark>Less stable</mark> deposits	363590	21842	207223	114620	648011	
7 Wholesale funding: (8+9)	83180	38846	72701	56256	153620	
Operational deposits	0	0	0	0	0	
9 <mark>Other wholesale</mark> funding	83180	38846	72701	56256	153620	
10 <sup>Other</sup> liabilities: (11+12)	0	15415	133	52165	0	

	For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021						
11 Iiabiliti	es		3	0	0		
12and include above	categories	0	15412	133	52165	0	
13 <sup>Total</sup> (1+4+7	ASF 7+10)					1100621	
RSF Item							
14quality assets	(HQLA)					16338	
other 15institut operat purpos	ional ses	9170	439	0	0	4804	
Perfor 16and (17+18	ming loans securities: 3+19+21+23)	0	162012	33460	640711	598771	
	ming loans financial ions secured rel 1 HQLA	0	70	0	0	7	
Perfor to institut by n 18HQLA unsect	ming loans financial ions secured on-Level 1 and ured ming loans to al	0	14161	4924	59192	63778	
to no corpor loans 19 <sup>small</sup> custon loans sovere	to igns, central and PSEs,	0	147671	28271	410472	403903	
With a of les 20equal under	a risk weight ss than or	0	107901	19458	164848	170828	

21 res 21 res 21 res wh Wi of eq 22un Sta Ap	oproach for credit k erforming sidential ortgages, of nich: ith a risk weight less than or jual to 35% ider the Basel II andardised	0	40	38	73050	47534
21 res mo wh Wi of eq 22un Sta Ap	sidential ortgages, of nich: ith a risk weight less than or jual to 35% ider the Basel II	0	40	38	73050	47534
of eq 22un Sta Ap	less than or Jual to 35% Ider the Basel II					
115	proach for credit	0	40	38	73050	47534
no 23 <sup>do</sup> HC ex eq	ecurities that are of in default and o not qualify as QLA, including cchange- traded juities	0	70	227	97996	83549
24 <sup>Ot</sup>	her assets: (sum rows 25 to 29)	5486	144	8	70701	75628
25co	nysical traded mmodities, cluding gold	0	0	0	0	0
init de 26co co de	ssets posted as tial margin for privative ontracts and ontributions to pfault funds of CPs	4742	0	0	0	4030
27	SFR derivative sets	29	6	0	0	34
lial 28de va	SFR derivative bilities before eduction of riation margin osted	29	0	0	0	29
29inc ab	l other assets not cluded in the ove categories	686	139	8	70701	71534
30Of	f-balance sheet ms	0	23435	12	65994	3152
20Ne	otal RSF et Stable Funding atio (%)					<u>698694</u> 157.53

## PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK Pillar 3 Disclosures under Basel III Framework For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021 Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital instruments

Disc	closure template for main features of regulatory of	capital instruments - December 2021				
		Punjab National Bank				
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or	INE160A01022				
	Bloomberg identifier for private placement)					
		Applicable Indian Statutes and				
	Regulatory treatment	Regulatory requirements				
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1				
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1				
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group				
7	Instrument type	Equity - common Share				
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in	22022.03				
	million, as of most recent reporting date)					
0						
		Rs.2/- per share				
_	Accounting classification	Equity Capital				
11	Original date of issuance	19.07.1969 and various dates				
12		thereafter Derpetuel				
-	Perpetual or dated Original maturity date	Perpetual Not Applicable				
_	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval					
	Optional call date, contingent call dates and					
	redemption amount					
		Not Applicable				
	Coupons / dividends	Dividends				
17		Floating Dividend				
_		Not Applicable				
		Not Applicable				
_		Full Discretionary				
	mandatory	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to	Not Applicable				
	redeem					
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative				
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Not Applicable				
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	Not Applicable				
25	If convertible, fully or partially	Not Applicable				
26	If convertible, conversion rate	Not Applicable				
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not Applicable				
		Not Applicable				
	convertible into					
	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it	Not Applicable				
	converts into					

30	Write-down feature	No					
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Not Applicable					
32	If write-down, full or partial	Not Applicable					
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not Applicable					
	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not Applicable					
	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)						
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	Not Applicable					
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Applicable					

	Particulars	1	2	3	4
S. No.	Bonds Series	AT I SERIES XIII	DEB SERIES XXIV	AT I SERIES XII	DEB SERIES XXIII
1	Issuer	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
2		INE160A08209	INE160A08191	INE160A08183	INE160A08175
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI
	Regulatory treatment				
4	III rules	BASEL III complaint Perpetual debt instrument for inclusion in addition Tier I capital		BASEL III complaint Perpetual debt instrument for inclusion in addition Tier I capital	
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier I Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier I Bonds	Tier II Bonds
	solo/group/ group & solo		Solo	Solo	Solo
7		Unsecured, Subordinated, Fully paid up, Non-Convertible perpetual Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 1 Bonds for inclusion in additional Tier 1 Capital in the nature of Debentures	Compliant Tier 2 Bonds for inclusion in Tier 2 Capital in the nature of Debentures	Unsecured, Subordinated, Fully paid up, Non-Convertible perpetual Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 1 Bonds for inclusion in additional Tier 1 Capital in the nature of Debentures	
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)		19190	4950	15000
9	Par value of instrument	Rs.10 million	Rs.10 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million
10	Accounting classification	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	7-Dec-21	17-Nov-21	22-Jan-21	11-Nov-20
12	Perpetual or dated		DATED	Perpetual	DATED
	date	Perpetual	18-Nov-31	Perpetual	9-Nov-35
	to prior supervisory approval	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	thereafter on any coupon date (with prior RB permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	
15	contingent call dates and	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RB	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	At par at the end of 10th year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)

	<b>I-</b> .		For the Qir ended ST.1.				
16	dates, if applicable	ates, if applicable from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI from date of allotment and and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior R bit thereafter on each coupon date) (with prior R bit thereafter) (with prio					
		(with prior RBI permission)	r - · · · · - · · · )	(with prior RBI permission)	F - · · · · · · · )		
		Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon		
	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon		Fixed	Fixed	Fixed		
	Coupon rate and any related index			8.60%	7.10%		
19	dividend stopper	The Bonds shall have a "dividend stopper arrangement" which shall oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity/ common shares in the event of Bondholders not being paid coupon.		The Bonds shall have a "dividend stopper arrangement" which shall oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity/ common shares in the event of Bondholders not being paid coupon.			
	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory		Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory		
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem		NO	NO	NO		
22	Noncumulative or cumulative		Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative		
23	Convertible or non- convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible		
24	conversion trigger(s)		NA	NA	NA		
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA	NA	NA	NA		
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA	NA	NA	NA		
27	lf convertible, mandatory or optional conversion		NA	NA	NA		
28	lf convertible, specify instrument type convertible into		NA	NA	NA		
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA	NA	NA	NA		
	For the Qtr ended 31.12.2021						
----	---	---	---	---	--	--	
30	Write-down feature	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		
	down trigger(s)	RWA the trigger level referred to herein above is called as "Pre specified Trigger Level".	Non-Viability (PONV) Trigger' stipulated below:(i)The PONV Trigger event is the earlier ofa. a decision that a write-off without which the firm would become non- viable, is necessary, as determined by the Reserve Bank of India; and the decision to make a public sector injection of capital, or equivalent support,without which the firm would have become non-viable, as determined by the relevant authority. However,the Write-off of any Common Equity Tier 1 capital shall not be required before the write off of any Tier 2 regulatory capital instrument.(ii) Such a decision would invariably imply that the write-off consequent upon the trigger event must occur prior to any public sector injection of capital so that the capital provided by the public sector is not diluted. As such, the contractual terms and conditions of these instruments shall not provide for any residual claims on the issuer which are senior to ordinary shares of the bank (or banking group entity where applicable), following a trigger event and when write-off is undertaken.	below 5.50% of RWA before April 01, 2021 and if CET1 falls below 6.125% of RWA from April 01, 2021, each of the trigger level referred to herein above is called as "Pre specified Trigger Level".	Occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'Point of Non-Viability (PONV) Trigger' stipulated below:(i)The PONV Trigger event is the earlier ofa. a decision that a write-off without which the firm would become non- viable, is necessary, as determined by the Reserve Bank of India; and the decision to make a public sector injection of capital, or equivalent support,without which the firm would have become non-viable, as determined by the relevant authority. However,the Write-off of any Common Equity Tier 1 capital shall not be required before the write off of any Tier 2 regulatory capital instrument.(ii) Such a decision would invariably imply that the write-off consequent upon the trigger event must occur prior to any public sector injection of capital so that the capital provided by the public sector is not diluted. As such, the contractual terms and conditions of these instruments shall not provide for any residual claims on the issuer which are senior to ordinary shares of the bank (or banking group entity where applicable), following a trigger event and when write-off is undertaken.		
	partial	If fully paid-up Bonds are fully and permanently written-down, they shall cease to exist resulting in extinguishment of a liability of the Bank and thus create CET1		If fully paid-up Bonds are fully and permanently written-down, they shall cease to exist resulting in extinguishment of a liability of the Bank and thus create CET1			
	permanent or temporary	write-down of Bonds must generate CET1 under applicable Indian Accounting Standards. The Bonds shall receive recognition in AT1 capital only up to the extent of minimum level of CET1 generated by a full write-down of the Bonds.	upon the occurrence of the trigger event called PONV as determined by Reserve Bank of India.	write-down of Bonds must generate CET1 under applicable Indian Accounting Standards. The Bonds shall receive recognition in AT1 capital only up to the extent of minimum level of CET1 generated by a full write-down of the Bonds.			
	down, description of write-up mechanism	original Bonds may not be fully extinguished. The par value of the Bonds may be written-down (decrease) on the occurrence of the trigger event and may be written-up (increase) back to its original value in future in conformity with provisions of the RBI Basel III Guidelines. The		original Bonds may not be fully extinguished. The par value of the Bonds may be written-down (decrease) on the occurrence of the trigger event and may be written-up (increase) back to its original value in future in conformity with provisions of the RBI Basel III Guidelines. The			

	amount shown in the bala sheet subsequent to tempo write-down may depend on features of the Bonds and prevailing Accourt	ary     sheet subsequent to temporary       he     write-down may depend on the       he     features of the Bonds and the       ng     prevailing
35	Standards. Position inAll depositors and o subordination creditors hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Standards.         ler If the bank goes into liquidation before these All depositors instruments have been written-down, these instruments creditors       and other If the bank goes into liquidation before these instruments have been written-down, these instruments will absorb losses in accordance with the order of seniority indicated in the offer document and as per usual legal provisions governing priority of charges. If the bank goes into liquidation after these instruments have been written-down, the holders of these instruments will have no claim on the proceeds of liquidation
36	Non-compliant NO transitioned features	NO NO
37	If yes, specify non-NA compliant features	NA NA NA

	Particulars	5	6		8	9
S.		5		1	LOWER TIER II (E-	
No.	Bonds Series	DEB SERIES XXII	DEBT Basel III Tier II 8.34% (e-OBC)	DEBT Basel III Tier II 9.20% (e-OBC)		DEB SERIES XI (e-UNI)
1	Issuer	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK		PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
	Unique identifier (e.g CUSIP, ISIN o	INE160A08167 r	INE141A08035	INE141A08019	INE141A09132	INE695A08063
2	Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	r				
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument Regulatory	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI
	treatment					
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Lower Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds
5	Post- transitional Basel III rules	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Lower Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds
6	Eligible a solo/group/ group & solo	tSolo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo
7	Instrument type	Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 2 Bonds for inclusion in Tier 2 Capital in	Listed Rated Unsecured Redeemable Non-Convertible Fully Paid Up Basel III Compliant Tier 2 Bonds in the nature of Debentures	Convertible Fully Paid Up Basel II	Subordinated Lower Tier	Non Convertible fully paid up Redeemable Unsecured Basel III rcomplaint Tier II Bonds(Series -XI) in the nature of Debentures
8	Amount recognised ir regulatory capital (Rs. ir million, as o most recen reporting date)	n f	8000	6000	188	3400
9		fRs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million
10	Accounting classification	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability
11	Original date of issuance		26-Oct-15	27-Oct-14	30-Nov-12	10-Nov-17
12		rDATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
13	Original maturity date			27-Oct-24	30-Nov-22	10-Nov-27
14	subject to prior	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date rof allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RB		NA	NA	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI

		1				
	approval	permission)				permission)
15	Optional cal	IAt par at the end of 5th year from date	NA	NA	NA	At par at the end of 5th year from date
	date, contingen	tof allotment and thereafter on each				of allotment and thereafter on each
	call dates and	coupon date (with prior RB				coupon date (with prior RB
	redemption	permission)				permission)
	amount					
16	Subsequent cal	IIAt par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date	NA	NA	NA	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date
_	dates, i	fof allotment and thereafter on each				of allotment and thereafter on each
	applicable	coupon date (with prior RB				coupon date (with prior RBI
		permission)				permission)
	Coupons	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon
	dividends	Joodpoll	Coupon	Coupon	coupon	ooupon
17	Fixed or floating	nFixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
.,	dividend/coupo		i ixeu	i Nou	i ixea	i ixed
	n					
18	Coupon rate	97.25%	8.34% PA	9.20% PA	8.93%	9.05% PA
10	and any related		0.34 /0 F A	9.20 % FA	0.93%	9.05 % FA
	index					
10	Existence of a	- 110	NO	NO	NO	NO
19	dividend	ano	NO	NO	NO	NO
	stopper					
20	Fully	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
	discretionary,					
	partially					
	discretionary o	r				
	mandatory					
21	Existence o	fNO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	step up or othe					
	incentive to					
	redeem					
22		Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
	or cumulative					
23	Convertible o	rNonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
	non-convertible					
24	If convertible	,NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1	conversion					
1	trigger(s)					
25	If convertible	,NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
-	fully or partially					
26	If convertible		NA	NA	NA	NA
	conversion rate					
27	If convertible		NA	NA	NA	NA
<u>_'</u>	mandatory o	n				
	optional	`				
	conversion					
28	If convertible		NA	NA	NA	NA
20		-, IN/~			14/4	
	specify					
	instrument type	3				
	convertible into		1			

				aea 31.12.2021		1
29	If convertible,		NA	NA	NA	NA
	specify issuer					
	of instrument it					
	converts into					
30	Write-down	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes
	feature					
31	If write-down,	Occurrence of the trigger event, called	If a PONV Trigger Event (as described	The PONV Trigger event shall be the	NA	1. If a PONV trigger event occurs, the
	write-down	the 'Point of Non-Viability (PONV)	below) occurs, the Issuer shall: (i)	earlier of: a) a decision that the		issuer shall:i. Notify the trusteeii
		Trigger' stipulated below:(i)The PONV				Cancel any coupon which is accrued
		Trigger event is the earlier ofa. a				and unpaid on the bonds as on the
		decision that a write-off without which	on the Bonds as on the write-off date;	necessary, as determined by the		write-down date andiii. Without the
		the firm would become non-viable, is	and (iii) Without the need for the	Reserve Bank of India; and b) the		need of consent of bond holders or the
		necessary, as determined by the	consent of Bondholders or the	decision to make a public sector		trustee, write down the outstanding
		Reserve Bank of India; and the				principal of the bonds by such amoun
		decision to make a public sector	principal of the Bonds by such amount	support, without which the Bank would		as may be determined by the RBI and
			as may be prescribed by RBI ("PONV			subject as is otherwise required by
		support, without which the firm would	Write-Off Amount") and as is	determined by the relevant authority.		RBI2. PONV trigger event is the
		have become non-viable, as	otherwise required by the RBI at the	Such a decision would invariably imply		earlier of:a. a decision that the
				that the write-off consequent upon the		permanent write off, without which the
		However, the Write-off of any Common	write-off within thirty days of the PONV	trigger event must occur prior to any		bank would become nonviable, is
		Equity Tier 1 capital shall not be	write-off Amount being determined	public sector injection of capital so that		necessary, as determined by the
				the capital provided by the public		Reserve bank of India; andb. the
		Tier 2 regulatory capital instrument.(ii)				decision to make a public sector
		Such a decision would invariably imply	written off pursuant to PONV Trigger	of these guidelines, a non-viable bank		injection of capital, or equivalent
		that the write-off consequent upon the				support, without which the bank would
		trigger event must occur prior to any				have become non-viable, as
		public sector injection of capital so that				determinded by the relevant
		the capital provided by the public				authority. The write off of any common
		sector is not diluted. As such, the				equity tier 1 capital shall not be
			the RBI, shall be permanently written			required before the write off of these
		these instruments shall not provide for				installments.Such a decision would
		any residual claims on the issuer				invariably imply that the write off upor
		which are senior to ordinary shares of				the trigger event must occur prior to
		the bank (or banking group entity				any public sector injection of capital so
		where applicable), following a trigger				that the capital provided by the public
		event and when write-off is				sector is not diluted. As such, the
				bank should be considered as the		contractual terms & conditions of ar
				most appropriate way to prevent the		instrument must not provide for any
				bank from turning non-viable. Such		residual claims on the issuer which
				measures may include permanent		are seniore to the shares of the bank
				write off of the Bonds in combination		(or banking group entity), following a
				with or without other measures as		trigger even and when write-off is
			as determined by the relevant			undertaken.
				Reserve Bank of India. In rare		
				situations, a bank may also become		
			consequent upon the trigger event			
			must occur prior to any public sector			
			injection of capital so that the capital			
			provided by the public sector is not			
			diluted. The write-off of any Common	depositors, serious corporate		

			-			
			Equity Tier -1 Capital shall not be	governance issues, etc. In such		
			required before the writeoff of any	situations raising capital is not		
			Non-Equity (Additional tier 1 and Tierconsidered a part of the solution and			
				therefore, may not attract provisions of		
				this framework.		
32	lf write-down	Fully or partialy as per discretion of	Fully or partialy as per discretion of	Fully or partialy as per discretion of	NA	Fully or partialy as per discretion of
-				RBI		RBI
33			These instruments are subject to		NA	These instruments are subject to
				permanent write-off upon the		permanent write-off upon the
			occurrence of the trigger event called			occurrence of the trigger event called
			PONV as determined by Reserve			PONV as determined by Reserve
						Bank of India.
0.4				Bank of India.		
34	If temporary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	write-down,					
	description of					
	write-up					
	mechanism					
35	Position in	If the bank goes into liquidation before	If the bank goes into liquidation before	If the bank goes into liquidation before	All depositors and othe	If the bank goes into liquidation before
	subordination	these instruments have been written-	these instruments have been written-	these instruments have been written-	creditors	these instruments have been written-
	hierarchy in	down, these instruments will absorb	down, these instruments will absorb	down, these instruments will absorb		down, these instruments will absorb
	liquidation	losses in accordance with the order of	losses in accordance with the order of	losses in accordance with the order of		losses in accordance with the order of
	(specify	seniority indicated in the offer	seniority indicated in the offer	seniority indicated in the offer		seniority indicated in the offer
			document and as per usual legal			document and as per usual legal
		provisions governing priority of	1 0	provisions governing priority of		provisions governing priority of
	,			charges. If the bank goes into		charges. If the bank goes into
				liquidation after these instruments		liquidation after these instruments
			have been written-down, the holders			have been written-down, the holders
			of these instruments will have no claim			of these instruments will have no claim
00				on the proceeds of liquidation		on the proceeds of liquidation
	Non-compliant	NU	NO	NO	NO	NO
	transitioned					
	features					
37	lf yes, specify	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	non-compliant					
	features .					

	Particulars	10	11	12	13	14
S.					PDI Tier 1 Series 1 (E-	
No.	Bonds Series	DEB SERIES X (e-UNI)	DEB SERIES IX (e-UNI)	DEB SERIES VIII (e-UNI)	UNI)	DEB SERIES XXI
1	Issuer	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
					BANK	
	Unique	INE695A08048	INE695A08030	INE695A09103	INE695A09095	INE160A08159
	identifier (e.g.					
	CUSIP, ISIN or					
2	Bloomberg					
	identifier for					
	private					
	placement)					
3	Governing	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI

					-	<u> </u>
	law(s) of the					
	instrument					
	Regulatory					
4	<i>treatment</i> Transitional	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Perpetual Tier 1 Bonds	Tier II Bonds
4	Basel III rules			Ther IT Borlius	Perpetual fiel i Bonus	
5	Post-	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Perpetual Tier 1 Bonds	Tier II Bonds
Ŭ	transitional					
	Basel III rules					
	Eligible at	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo
	solo/group/					
	group & solo					
7	Instrument type	Non Convertible fully paid up			Unsecured Subordinated	
		Redeemable Unsecured Basel III	Redeemable Unsecured Basel III	Unsecured Basel III complaint Tier II	Non Convertible Perpetual	Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 2
				Bonds(Series -VIII) in the nature of	Debt Instrument Lier	Bonds for inclusion in Tier 2 Capital in
		the nature of Debentures	the nature of Debentures	Promissory Notes	Bonds (Series I) in the nature of Promissory	the nature of Depentures
					Notes	
8	Amount	1500	5000	2000	0	9940
Ũ	recognised in			2000	č	
	regulatory					
	capital (Rs. in					
	million, as of	f				
	most recent	t				
	reporting date)		-	-		
9		Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million
		l is hiller	l interita -	L := h :  :+ .	Linkila.	Lie billar
10	Accounting classification	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability
11	Original date of	27-Sen-17	23-Aug-17	25-Jun-13	5-Dec-12	29-Jul-20
•••	issuance		23-Aug-17	23-5411-13	5-Dec-12	23-041-20
12		DATED	DATED	DATED	Perpetual	DATED
	dated					
13	Original	27-Sep-27	23-Aug-27	25-Jun-23	Perpetual	29-Jul-30
	maturity date		-			
	Issuer call	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date	NA	At par at the end of 10th	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date
	subject to prior	of allotment and thereafter on each	of allotment and thereafter on each		year from date of allotment	of allotment and thereafter on each
			coupon date (with prior RBI		and thereafter on each	coupon date (with prior RBI
	approval	permission)	permission)		coupon date (with prior	permission)
15	Ontional call	At par at the and of Eth year from date	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date	NIA	RBI permission)	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date
15	Optional call date,		of allotment and thereafter on each			tof allotment and thereafter on each
		coupon date (with prior RRI	coupon date (with prior RBI		and thereafter on each	coupon date (with prior RBI
		permission)	permission)		coupon date (with prior	
	redemption		·····		RBI permission)	,
	amount					
16	Subsequent	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date	NA	At par at the end of 10th	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date
		of allotment and thereafter on each	of allotment and thereafter on each		year from date of allotment	of allotment and thereafter on each
	applicable		coupon date (with prior RBI			coupon date (with prior RBI
		permission)	permission)		coupon date (with prior	permission)

				RBI permission)			
Coupons dividends	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon		
17 Fixed floating dividend/coup n	orFixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed		
18 Coupon ra and any relate index	tte10.50% PA ed	9.00% PA	8.75% PA	9.27%	7.25%		
19 Existence of dividend stopper	aNO	NO	NO	NO	NO		
20 Fully discretionary, partially discretionary mandatory	Mandatory or	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory		
21 Existence step up or oth incentive redeem	to	NO	NO	NO	NO		
or cumulative		Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative		
non-convertib		Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible		
24 If convertib conversion trigger(s)		NA	NA	NA	NA		
25 If convertib fully or partial		NA	NA	NA	NA		
26 If convertib conversion ration	le,NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
27 If convertib		NA	NA	NA	NA		
28 If convertib specify instrument ty convertible int	pe	NA	NA	NA	NA		
29 If convertib specify issu of instrument converts into	le,NA er	NA	NA	NA	NA		
30 Write-down feature	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes		

					1	1
31			<ol> <li>If a PONV trigger event occurs, the</li> </ol>		aNA	Occurrence of the trigger event
		ssuer shall:		temporary/permanent write-off is	-	called the 'Point of Non-Viability
	trigger(s) i	. Notify the trustee		necessary without which the or its		(PONV) Trigger' stipulated below
			ii. Cancel any coupon which is			(i)The PONV Trigger event is the
			accrued and unpaid on the bonds as		t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	earlier o
			on the write-down date and			a. a decision that a write-off withou
			iii. Without the need of consent of			which the firm would become non-
			bond holders or the trustee, write		r	viable, is necessary, as determined
			down the outstanding principal of the			by the Reserve Bank of India; and the
		oonds by such amount as may be	bonds by such amount as may be	bank have become non-viable as	6	decision to make a public secto
	c c		determined by the RBI and subject as			injection of capital, or equivalen
	i	s otherwise required by RBI	is otherwise required by RBI	The write-off consequent upon the	e	support, without which the firm would
				trigger event shall occur prior to any		have become non-viable, as
			<ol><li>PONV trigger event is the earlier of:</li></ol>			determined by the relevant authority
			<ul> <li>a decision that the permanent write</li> </ul>			However, the Write-off of any
			off, without which the bank would	sector is not diluted		Common Equity Tier 1 capital shal
		become nonviable, is necessary, as	become nonviable, is necessary, as			not be required before the write off o
	c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	determined by the Reserve bank of	determined by the Reserve bank of	c. If the relevant authorities decide to		any Tier 2 regulatory capita
				reconstitute the bank or amalgamate		instrument.
			b. the decision to make a public			(ii) Such a decision would invariably
			sector injection of capital, or			imply that the write-off consequen
			equivalent support, without which the		6	upon the trigger event must occu
			bank would have become non-viable,		f	prior to any public sector injection o
		-	as determinded by the relevant		Y	capital so that the capital provided by
	é	authority.	authority.	be applicable".		the public sector is not diluted. As
						such, the contractual terms and
			The write off of any common equity			conditions of these instruments shall
			tier 1 capital shall not be required			not provide for any residual claims or
			before the write off of these			the issuer which are senior to ordinary
	İ	nstallments.	installments.			shares of the bank (or banking group
						entity where applicable), following a
			Such a decision would invariably			trigger event and when write-off is
			imply that the write off upon the			undertaken.
			trigger event must occur prior to any			
			public sector injection of capital so			
			that the capital provided by the public			
			sector is not diluted. As such, the			
			contractual terms & conditions of an			
		nstrument must not provide for any				
			residual claims on the issuer which			
			are seniore to the shares of the bank			
			(or banking group entity), following a			
			trigger even and when write-off is			
22			undertaken. Fully or particly on par discretion of	Fully or porticly on por discretion of	f NI A	Fully or partially on par discretion of
32			Fully or partialy as per discretion of RBI		INA	Fully or partialy as per discretion o
-				RBI	- N I A	RBI
33			These instruments are subject to			These instruments are subject to
			permanent write-off upon the			permanent write-off upon the
	temporary	Contract of the trigger event called	occurrence of the trigger event called	OCCURRENCE OF THE TRIGGER EVENT CALLED		occurrence of the trigger event called
		-Onv as determined by Reserve	PONV as determined by Reserve	POINV as determined by Reserve	7	PONV as determined by Reserve

		Bank of India.	Bank of India.	Bank of India.		Bank of India.
34	If temporary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	write-down,					
	description of					
	write-up					
	mechanism					
35	Position in	If the bank goes into liquidation before	If the bank goes into liquidation before	If the bank goes into liquidation before	All depositors and other	If the bank goes into liquidation before
			these instruments have been written-			these instruments have been written-
	hierarchy in	down, these instruments will absorb	down, these instruments will absorb	down, these instruments will absorb		down, these instruments will absorb
			losses in accordance with the order of			losses in accordance with the order of
			seniority indicated in the offer			seniority indicated in the offer
			document and as per usual legal			document and as per usual legal
	immediately	provisions governing priority of	provisions governing priority of	provisions governing priority of		provisions governing priority of
	senior to	0		charges.		charges.
	instrument)		If the bank goes into liquidation after			If the bank goes into liquidation after
			these instruments have been written-			these instruments have been written-
			down, the holders of these			down, the holders of these
			instruments will have no claim on the			instruments will have no claim on the
				proceeds of liquidation		proceeds of liquidation
36	Non-compliant	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
	transitioned					
	features					
37	If yes, specify	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	non-compliant					
	features					

	Particulars	15	16	17	18	19
S. No.	Bonds Series	DEB SERIES XX	AT I SERIES XI	AT I SERIES X	AT I SERIES IX	AT I SERIES VIII
1	Issuer	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN	INE160A08142	INE160A08134	INE160A08126	INE160A08118	INE160A08100
2	or Bloomberg					
	identifier for private placement)					
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI
	Regulatory treatment					
	Transitional Basel III rules				debt instrument for inclusion	BASEL III complaint Perpetual debt instrument for inclusion in addition Tier I capital
	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier II Bonds	Tier I Bonds	Tier I Bonds	Tier I Bonds	Tier I Bonds
	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo

-			-or the Qtr ended 3			
7		Non-Convertible Redeemable Unsecured Basel II Compliant Tier 2 Bonds for inclusion in Tier 2 Capita in the nature of Debentures	Fully paid up, Non-Convertible perpetual Unsecured Basel II Compliant Tier 1 Bonds for inclusion in additional Tier 1 Capital in the nature of Debentures	Fully paid up, Non- Convertible perpetual Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 1 Bonds for inclusion in additional Tier 1 Capital in the nature of Debentures	Fully paid up, Non-Convertible perpetual Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 1 Bonds for inclusion in additional Tier 1 Capital in the nature of	Fully paid up, Non-Convertible perpetual Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 1 Bonds for inclusion in additional Tier 1 Capital in the nature of Debentures
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)		15000	2500	5000	15000
9	Par value of instrument	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million
10	Accounting classification	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	26-Dec-19	25-Jul-17	31-Mar-17	29-Mar-17	3-Mar-17
12	Perpetual or dated	DATED	Perpetual	Perpetual	Perpetual	Perpetual
		26-Dec-29	Perpetual		Perpetual	Perpetual
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval Optional call date,		from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupor date (with prior RB permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission) At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year
	contingent call dates and redemption amount		from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupor date (with prior RB permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable		from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupor date (with prior RB permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)	At par at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)
	dividends	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon
	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index		8.98%	9.21%		8.95% p.a. Semi Annually Payable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	NO	"dividend stopper arrangement" which shal oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity, common shares in the even	"dividend stopper larrangement" which shall oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity, common shares in the event	"dividend stopper arrangement" which shal oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity,	The Bonds shall have a "dividend stopper arrangement" which shall oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity/ common shares in the event of Bondholders not being paid coupon.

		•		-		
00	<b>F</b> alls all some d'anners			paid coupon.	coupon.	N and a tame
	Fully discretionary,	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
	partially					
	discretionary or					
	mandatory					
	Existence of step		NO	NO	NO	NO
	up or other					
	incentive to					
	redeem					
22	Noncumulative or	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
	cumulative					
23	Convertible or non-	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
	convertible					
24	If convertible,	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	conversion					
	trigger(s)					
	If convertible, fully	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	or partially					
26	If convertible.	ΝΔ	NA	NA	NA	NA
-	conversion rate					
27	lf convertible,	ΝΙΛ	NA	NA	NA	NA
	mandatory or					
	optional conversion					
28	If convertible.		NA	NA	NA	NA
			NA	NA	NA	NA
	specify instrument					
	type convertible					
	into	N 1 A	<b>N</b> 10	N1.0	N1.0	<b>N</b> 10
29	If convertible,	INA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	specify issuer of					
	instrument it					
	converts into					
	Write-down feature		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
		Occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'Point of	The bonds issued before	The bonds issued before	The bonds issued before	The bonds issued before
		Non-Viability (PONV) Trigger' stipulated below:				
		(i)The PONV Trigger event is the earlier of				
		a. a decision that a write-off without which the firm	lower pre-specified trigger at	lower pre-specified trigger at	lower pre-specified trigger at	pre-specified trigger at CET1 of
		would become non-viable, is necessary, as	CET1 of 5.5% of RWAs shal	CET1 of 5.5% of RWAs shall	CET1 of 5.5% of RWAs shall	5.5% of RWAs shall apply and
		determined by the Reserve Bank of India; and the	apply and remain effective	apply and remain effective	apply and remain effective	remain effective before March
		decision to make a public sector injection of capital,				
		or equivalent support, without which the firm would	this date, the trigger shall be	this date, the trigger shall be	this date, the trigger shall be	trigger shall be raised to CET1
		have become non-viable, as determined by the				
		relevant authority. However, the Write-off of any				
		Common Equity Tier 1 capital shall not be required	Bonds issued on or after	Bonds issued on or after	Bonds issued on or after	after March 31, 2019 shall
		before the write off of any Tier 2 regulatory capital	March 31, 2019 shall have	March 31, 2019 shall have	March 31, 2019 shall have	have pre-specified trigger at
						CET1 of 6.125% of RWAs only.
		(ii) Such a decision would invariably imply that the			of 6.125% of RWAs only.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		write-off consequent upon the trigger event must		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		occur prior to any public sector injection of capital so				
		that the capital provided by the public sector is not				
		diluted. As such, the contractual terms and conditions				
L	1	anatoa. Ao ouon, the contractual terms and contaitions	1			I

_			or the Qtr ended 31			
	of these ins	truments shall not provide for any residual				
	claims on	the issuer which are senior to ordinary				
	shares of t	he bank (or banking group entity where				
	applicable),	following a trigger event and when write-				
	off is undert	aken.				
32	If write-down, full or Fully or part	tialy as per discretion of RBI	If fully paid-up Bonds are fully			
	partial					and permanently written-down,
			down, they shall cease to	down, they shall cease to	down, they shall cease to	they shall cease to exist
						resulting in extinguishment of a
			extinguishment of a liability of	extinguishment of a liability of	extinguishment of a liability of	liability of the Bank and thus
			the Bank and thus create	the Bank and thus create	the Bank and thus create	create CET1
			CET1	CET1	CET1	
33	If write-down. These instru	uments are subject to permanent write-off	The temporary or permanent	The temporary or permanent		The temporary or permanent
		currence of the trigger event called PONV				
		ed by Reserve Bank of India.				generate CET1 under
	do dotorinin					applicable Indian Accounting
						Standards. The Bonds shall
						receive recognition in AT1
						capital only up to the extent of
						minimum level of CET1
			generated by a full write-	generated by a full write-	generated by a full write-	generated by a full write-down
						of the Bonds.
34	If temporary write-NA					original Bonds may not be fully
04	down, description					extinguished. The par value of
	of write-up		value of the Bonds may be	value of the Bonds may be	value of the Bonds may be	the Bonds may be written-
	mechanism					down (decrease) on the
			the occurrence of the trigger	the occurrence of the trigger	the occurrence of the trigger	occurrence of the trigger event
						and may be written-up
			(increase) back to its original			
						value in future in conformity
						with provisions of the RBI
						Basel III Guidelines. The
						amount shown in the balance
						sheet subsequent to temporary
						write-down may depend on the
						features of the Bonds and the
			Bonds and the prevailing			
						Standards.
35	Position inIf the bar	nk goes into liquidation before these			All depositors and other	
	subordination instruments					creditors
		will absorb losses in accordance with the				
	,	niority indicated in the offer document and				
		al legal provisions governing priority of				
	immediately seniorcharges.	6   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	nk goes into liquidation after these				
		have been written-down, the holders of				
		ments will have no claim on the proceeds				
	of liquidation					
36	Non-compliant NO		NO	NO	NO	NO
	transitioned					
L						

		features				
3	57	If yes, specify non-NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		compliant features				

	Particulars	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
S.					DEB SERIE			AT I SERIES
No.	Bonds Series	DEB SERIES XIX	DEB SERIES XVIII	DEB SERIES XVII	XVI	XV	XIV	VII
1	lssuer	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	PUNJAB	PUNJAB	PUNJAB	PUNJAB
					NATIONAL	NATIONAL	NATIONAL	NATIONAL
					BANK	BANK	BANK	BANK
		INE160A08092	INE160A08050	INE160A08043	INE160A08035	INE160A08027	INE160A08019	INE160A08076
	identifier (e.g.							
_	CUSIP, ISIN							
2	or Bloomberg							
	identifier for private							
	placement)							
3		RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI	RBI
5	law(s) of the			ι di				
	instrument							
	Regulatory							
	treatment							
4	Transitional	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	BASELL III
	Basel III rules							complaint
								Perpetual debt
								instrument for
								inclusion in
								addition Tier I
5	Post-	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	Tier II Bonds	capital Tier I Bonds
5	transitional				THEF IT DOTION	THEF IT DUTIUS		TIELT DUTIUS
	Basel III rules							
6		Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo
-	solo/group/							
	group & solo							
7	Instrument type	Non-Convertible Redeemable	eNon-Convertible Redeemabl	eNon-Convertible Redeemabl	eNon-Convertible	Non-Convertible	Non-Convertible	Non-
		Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier 2	2Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier	2Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier	2Redeemable		Redeemable	Convertible
				aBonds for inclusion in Tier 2 Capita			Unsecured Base	
		in the nature of Debentures	in the nature of Debentures	in the nature of Debentures	III Compliant Tie		III Compliant Tie	
						rCompliant Tier 2		
					inclusion in Tie		inclusion in Tie	
						einclusion in Tier		
					nature c Debentures	of2 Capital in the nature of	nature o Debentures	finclusion in additional Tier
					Dependines	Debentures	Dependures	1 Capital in the
								nature of
								Debentures

				ended 31.12.2021				
re re ca mi mi	ecognised in egulatory apital (Rs. in iillion, as of lost recent		6000	3000	3000	2000	4000	15000
	eporting date) ar value of	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million	Rs.1 million
ins	strument							
	ccounting assification	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability
11 Or	riginal date of suance	5-Feb-16	30-9-14	9-Sep-14	3-Apr-14	28-Mar-14	24-Feb-14	13-Feb-15
12 Pe		DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	Perpetual
13 Or ma	riginal aturity date				-		24-Feb-24	perpetual
su su	suer call ubject to prior upervisory oproval		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	At par at the end of 10 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)
da co da re	ptional call ate, ontingent call ates and demption mount		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	At par at the end of 10 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)
ca ap	all dates, if oplicable	NA					NA	At par at the end of 10 <sup>th</sup> year from date of allotment and thereafter on each coupon date (with prior RBI permission)
Co di	oupons / ividends	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon	Coupon
17 Fiz flo		Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed

				ended 31.12.2021				
18	Coupon rate and any related index	8.65%	9.25%	9.35% p.a.	9.68% p.a.	9.68% p.a.	9.65% p.a.	9.15%
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	The Bonds shall have a "dividend stopper arrangement" which shall oblige the Bank to stop dividend payments on equity/ common shares in the event of Bondholders not being paid coupon.
20	discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory		Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem		NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
27	lf convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA		NA	NA		NA	NA
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

converts into							1
	Maa	Yes	Maa	NA	NA	NA	Maa
0 Write-down feature	Yes		Yes				Yes
write-down trigger(s)	called the 'Point of Non-Viat (PONV) Trigger' stipulated be (i)The PONV Trigger event is earlier a. a decision that a write-off with which the firm would become r viable, is necessary, as determine by the Reserve Bank of India; the decision to make a public se injection of capital, or equiva support, without which the firm we have become non-viable, determined by the relevant author However, the Write-off of Common Equity Tier 1 capital s not be required before the write o any Tier 2 regulatory cap instrument. (ii) Such a decision would invaria imply that the write-off consequ upon the trigger event must or prior to any public sector injection capital so that the capital provided the public sector is not diluted. such, the contractual terms conditions of these instruments s not provide for any residual claims the issuer which are senior ordinary shares of the bank banking group entity wf applicable), following a trigger ev and when write-off is undertaken.	nouta. a decision that a write-off without non-which the firm would become nor nedviable, is necessary, as determine andby the Reserve Bank of India; an ctorthe decision to make a public sector lentinjection of capital, or equivaler buldsupport, without which the firm would ashave become non-viable, a rity.determined by the relevant authority any However, the Write-off of an hallCommon Equity Tier 1 capital sha for finot be required before the write off of bitalany Tier 2 regulatory capital instrument. ably(ii) Such a decision would invariabl uentimply that the write-off consequer courupon the trigger event must occu n of prior to any public sector injection of d by capital so that the capital provided b Asthe public sector is not diluted. A and such, the contractual terms an hallconditions of these instruments sha so nont provide for any residual claims o to the issuer which are senior t (orordinary shares of the bank (or erebanking group entity wher rentapplicable), following a trigger ever and when write-off is undertaken.	ycalled the 'Point of Non-Viability (PONV) Trigger' stipulated below: e(i)The PONV Trigger event is the fearlier of the a decision that a write-off without -which the firm would become non- dviable, is necessary, as determined dby the Reserve Bank of India; and of the decision to make a public sector trinjection of capital, or equivalent dsupport, without which the firm would shave become non-viable, as determined by the relevant authority. yHowever, the Write-off of any ICommon Equity Tier 1 capital shall of not be required before the write off of alany Tier 2 regulatory capital instrument. y(ii) Such a decision would invariably timply that the write-off consequent rupon the trigger event must occur of prior to any public sector injection of y capital so that the capital provided by sthe public sector is not diluted. As dsuch, the contractual terms and not provide for any residual claims or othe issuer which are senior to roordinary shares of the bank (or ebanking group entity where tapplicable), following a trigger event and when write-off is undertaken.		NA		The bond issued befor March 31, 201 shall have tw pre-specified triggers. A lower pre specified trigger at CET of 5.5% c RWAs sha apply an remain effective befor March 31 2019. From thi date, the trigge shall be raise to CET1 c 6.125% c RWAs for a such bonds Bonds issue on or afte March 31, 201 shall have pre specified trigger at CET of 6.125% c
2 If write-dowr full or partial	n,Fully or partialy as per discretion RBI	n ofFully or partialy as per discretion o RBI	RBI	NA	NA	NA	If fully paid-u Bonds are fu and permanently written-down, they sha cease to exi resulting

				anaea 31.12.2021				
33	If write-down	, These instruments are subject to	These instruments are subject to	These instruments are subject to		NA	NA	The temporary
	permanent o	rpermanent write-off upon the	permanent write-off upon the	permanent write-off upon the				or permanent
	temporary	occurrence of the trigger event called	occurrence of the trigger event called	occurrence of the trigger event called				write-down of
		PONV as determined by Reserve	PONV as determined by Reserve	PONV as determined by Reserve				Bonds must
		Bank of India.		Bank of India.	1			generate CET1
		Darik of India.	Darik of India.	Dank of India.				
								under
								applicable
								Indian
								Accounting
								Standards. The
								Bonds shall
								receive
								recognition in
								only up to the
								extent of
								minimum level
								of CET1
								generated by a
								full write-down
								of the Bonds.
34	lf temporar	VNA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	original Bonds
	write-down,						1	may not be fully
	description c	f						extinguished.
		//						The par value
	write-up							the par value
	mechanism							of the Bonds
								may be written-
								down
								(decrease) on
								the occurrence
								of the trigger
								event and may
								be written-up
								(increase) back
								to its original
								value in future
								in conformity
								with provisions
								of the RBI
								Basel III
								Guidelines. The
								amount shown
								in the balance
								sheet
								subsequent to
			1	1	1			temporary
								write-down may
								depend on the
								depend on the features of the
								depend on the

	-								-			r						
																	Accounti	0
																	Standarc	
35			oes into liquidation		0				0				positorsAl	I depositor	sAll d	lepositors	All dep	positors
	subordination	before these ins	struments have been	before these	instruments	have been	before	these i	nstrumer	nts ha	ave been	and	otherar	nd othe	erand	other	and	other
		· · · ·	iese instruments will	,				,					cr	editors	creditor	S	creditors	
			accordance with the															
			rity indicated in the															
			and as per usual															
	immediately	legal provisions	governing priority of	legal provisio	ns governing	g priority of	legal p	rovision	is govern	ning p	priority of							
	senior to	charges.		charges.			charge											
	instrument)	If the bank goes	s into liquidation after	If the bank go	pes into liqui	dation after	If the b	bank go	es into li	quidat	tion after							
		these instrumen	ts have been written-	these instrum	ents have be	een written-	these i	nstrume	ents have	e beer	n written-							
		· · ·	holders of these	'			,											
			have no claim on the								m on the							
		proceeds of liqui	dation	proceeds of lie	quidation		procee	ds of liq	uidation									
36	Non-compliant	NO		NO			NO					NO	N	C	NO		NO	
	transitioned																	
	features																	
37	lf yes, specify	NA		NA			NA					NA	N	4	NA		NA	
	non-compliant																	
	features																	

Table	DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital instruments	
Disclo	osure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments of D	Druk PNB Bank Ltd.
		(Rs in Million)
1	Issuer	Druk PNB bank Ltd
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for	G015
2	private placement)	Devel Cent of Dhuten
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Royal Govt. of Bhutan
4	Regulatory treatment	Tier II
5	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier II
6	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Tier II
7	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo
8	Instrument type	Subordinated Bond
9	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	150.00
10	Par value of instrument	150.00
11	Accounting classification	Subordinated Bond
12	Original date of issuance	April 8th 2014
13	Perpetual or dated	dated
14	Original maturity date	April 8th 2024
15	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No Call Option
16	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA
17	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA
18	Coupons / dividends	Coupon
19	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed Coupon
20	Coupon rate and any related index	6% Fixed
21	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
22	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	NA
23	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
24	Non-cumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative
25	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-Convertible
26	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA
27	If convertible, fully or partially	NA
28	If convertible, conversion rate	NA
29	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA
30	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	No
<u>30</u> 31	If convertible, specify instrument it converts into	NA
32		
	Write-down feature	NA
33	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA
34	If write-down, full or partial	NA
35	If write-down, permanent or temporary	NA
36	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	NA
37	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify	NA
	instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	
38	Non-compliant transitioned features	NA
39	If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA

					-	1_	1-	L7
S.	Particulars		2	3	•	-	•	7
No.					25mn (PNB)			5mn (Canara)
1					PNBIL			PNBIL
	ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)		Non Demat	Non Demat	Non Demat	Non Demat		Non Demat
3	instrument	English Law	English Law	English Law	English Law	English Law	English Law	English Law
	Regulatory treatment							
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Tier I			Tier II	Tier II	-	Tier II
5		Tier I		Additional Tier I	Tier II	Tier II		Tier II
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo			Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo	Solo
7	Instrument type	Common Equity	Additional Tier I	Additional Tier I	Subordinated dated	Subordinated dated	Subordinated dated	Subordinated dated
		Tier I			debt			debt
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)		1279	1299	109	392	532	372
9	Par value of instrument	\$ 1	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
	Accounting classification		Contingent Conversion additional Tier I bond	Contingent Conversion additional Tier I bond	Subordinated debt	Subordinated debt	Subordinated debt	Subordinated debt
	Ũ	dates	Converted to AT1 on 15.03.16	31.03.2017	31.01.2012	19.08.2014	30.12.2015	23.12.2013
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Perpetual	Perpetual	Dated	Dated	Dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	Undated	Undated	Undated	10 Years	10 Years	10 Years	15 Years
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval		5 Years	5 Years	5 Years	NA	NA	10 Years
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount		Each interest payment date on or after 5 years.	Each interest payment date on or after 5 years.	31.01.2022	19.08.2024	04.10.2022	23.12.2028
	applicable		Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
			Nil		Nil			Nil
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating	Floating	Floating	Floating	Floating	Floating	Floating
	Coupon rate and any related index		6M LIBOR + 500 bps	6M LIBOR + 500 bps	6M LIBOR + 400 bps	6M LIBOR + 450 bps	6M LIBOR + 450 bps	6M LIBOR + 450 bps
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	Nil	Yes	Yes	Nil	Nil		Nil
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully Discretionary	Fully Discretionary	Fully Discretionary	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	h 1 1 1 1 1 1		Name Operations		Current de titue	Current at the se	Cumulative	Cumulative
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non-cumulative	Non-Cumulative	Non-Cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative

			2021			
24 If convertible, conversionNA trigger(s)	CET1 Ratio falls below required	CET1 Ratio falls below required	NA	NA	NA	NA
25 If convertible, fully or partially NA	Fully	Fully	NA	NA	NA	NA
26 If convertible, conversion rate NA	USD 1.00	USD 1.00	NA	NA	NA	NA
27 If convertible, mandatory or Fully Discretionary optional conversion	Fully Discretionary	Fully Discretionary	NA	NA	NA	NA
28 If convertible, specifyNo instrument type convertible into	No	No	No	No	No	No
29 If convertible, specify issuer of Non-cumulative instrument it converts into	Non-Cumulative	Non-Cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative	Cumulative
30 Write-down feature NA	Convertible	Convertible	Non-Convertible	Non-Convertible	Non-Convertible	Non-Convertible
31 If write-down, write-downNA	CET1 Ratio falls below required	CET1 Ratio falls below	NA	NA	NA	NA
trigger(s)		required				
32 If write-down, full or partial NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
33 If write-down, permanent orNA temporary	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
34 If temporary write-down,NA description of write-up mechanism	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
35 Position in subordinationFirst hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Subordinated to all othe creditors	Subordinated to all other Creditors		Subordinated to al other Creditors		Subordinated to all other Creditors
36 Non-compliant transitionedNil features	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
37 If yes, specify non-compliantNil features	As above	As above	As above	As above	As above	As above

TABLE DF – 14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments of PNB Bonds

	PNB Bonds			
Бr	INSTRUMENT (PNB)	FULL TERMS AND CONDITIONS		
No				
	PNB issued Subordinated Unsecured Perpetual Tier I Bonds (Series – I) In The Nature Of Promissory Notes INE695A09095	Issue size: Rs.300 Crore, Date of Allotment: February 5 2012, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.27 % p.a. Annually, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form with the call option at the end of 10 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment		
	Unsecured Redeemable Non- Convertible Subordinated Lower Tier II Bonds In The Nature Of Promissory Notes INE141A09132	Issue size: Rs.1025 Crore, Date of Allotment: November 30 2012, Date of Maturity November 30 2022, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @8.93 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the National stock exchange of India (NSE). All in Dematerialised form		
	PNB issued Non-Convertible Redeemable Unsecured Basel III Compliant Tier II Bonds (Series–VIII)	Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: June 25 2013, Date of Maturity: June 25 2023, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @8.75 % p.a. Annually, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form		
	Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2	Issue size: Rs.1000 Crore, Date of Allotment: February 24, 2014, Date of Maturity 24/02/2024, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.65% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form.		
	Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2	Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: March 28, 2014, Date of Maturity 28/03/2024, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.68% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE), All in Dematerialised form.		
	Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2 Bonds Series XVI in the nature of	Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: April 03, 2014, Date of Maturity 03/04/2024, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.68% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form.		
	Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2 Bonds Series XVII in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08043	Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: Sep. 09, 2014, Date of Maturity 09/09/2024, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.35% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form.		
	Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2	Issue size: Rs.1000 Crore, Date of Allotment: Sep. 30, 2014, Date of Maturity 30/09/2024, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.25% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form.		
	9.20% E-OBC Now PNB Issued	Issue size: Rs.1000 Crore, Date of Allotment: October		

	tr ended 31.12.2021
Convertible Fully paid up Basel III	Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency:
Compliant Tier II bonds In The Nature	@9.20 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the National stock
Of Debentures	exchange of India (NSE). All in Dematerialised form
INE141A08019	
	lagua aiza: Da 1500 Crora, Data of Allatment: Eab 12
	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: Feb 13,
	2015, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds	Interest and Frequency: @ 9.15% annual with the call
Series VII in the nature of Debenture.	option at the end of 10 year from the date of
INE160A08076	allotment, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange
	Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form
118 34% E-OBC Now PNB Issued	Issue size: Rs.1000 Crore, Date of Allotment: October
	26 2015, Date of Maturity October 26 2025, Face
	Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency:
	@8.34 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the National stock
Of Debentures (INE141A08035)	exchange of India (NSE). All in Dematerialised form
128.65 % Unsecured Redeemable Non	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: Feb.
Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2	05, 2016, Date of Maturity 05/02/2026, Face Value:
	Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @8.65
Debenture.	% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock
INE160A08092	Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form.
•	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: March
	3, 2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of
	Interest and Frequency: @ 8.95% p.a. Semi annual
Series VIII in the nature of Debenture.	with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date
INE160A08100	of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd
	(BSE). All in Dematerialised form
149.21% Unsecured Perpetual Non-	ssue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: March
	29, 2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate
	of Interest and Frequency: @ 9.21% annual with the
Series IX in the nature of Debenture.	call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of
INE160A08118	allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd
	(BSE). All in Dematerialised form
159.21% Unsecured Perpetual Non-	Issue size: Rs.250 Crore, Date of Allotment: March
Convertible subordinate Basel-III	31, 2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate
	of Interest and Frequency: @ 9.21% annual with the
Series X in the nature of Debenture.	call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of
INE160A08126	allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd
	(BSE). All in Dematerialised form
	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: July 25,
	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call
	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture.	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08134	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08134 179.00 % E-United Bank of India Now	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: August
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08134 179.00 % E-United Bank of India Now issued PNB Unsecured Non-	2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: August 23 2017, Date of Maturity August 23 2027, Face
compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08134 179.00 % E-United Bank of India Now issued PNB Unsecured Non- Convertible Fully paid up redeemable	<ul> <li>2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form</li> <li>Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: August 23 2017, Date of Maturity August 23 2027, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture.</li> <li>INE160A08134</li> <li>179.00 % E-United Bank of India Now issued PNB Unsecured Non- Convertible Fully paid up redeemable Listed Basel III compliant Tier 2 Bond</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form</li> <li>Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: August 23 2017, Date of Maturity August 23 2027, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.00 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture.</li> <li>INE160A08134</li> <li>179.00 % E-United Bank of India Now issued PNB Unsecured Non- Convertible Fully paid up redeemable Listed Basel III compliant Tier 2 Bond</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form</li> <li>Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: August 23 2017, Date of Maturity August 23 2027, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XI in the nature of Debenture.</li> <li>INE160A08134</li> <li>179.00 % E-United Bank of India Now issued PNB Unsecured Non- Convertible Fully paid up redeemable Listed Basel III compliant Tier 2 Bond</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2017, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.98% annual with the call option at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form</li> <li>Issue size: Rs.500 Crore, Date of Allotment: August 23 2017, Date of Maturity August 23 2027, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.00 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock</li> </ul>

	Rtr ended 31.12.2021
	allotment
PNB issued Unsecured Non- Convertible Fully paid up redeemable Listed Basel III compliant Tier 2 Bond (Series X) in the nature of debentures	Issue size: Rs.150 Crore, Date of Allotment: September 27 2017, Date of Maturity September 27 2027, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @10.50 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in
	Dematerialised form with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment
9.05% E-United Bank of India Now PNB issued Unsecured Non- Convertible Fully paid up redeemable Listed Basel III compliant Tier 2 Bond (Series XI) in the nature of debentures	Issue size: Rs.340 Crore, Date of Allotment: November 10 2017, Date of Maturity November 10 2027, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @9.05 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment
Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2 Bonds Series XX in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08142	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: Dec 26 2019, Date of Maturity Dec 26 2029, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @8.15 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form.
Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2 Bonds Series XXI in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08159	Issue size: Rs.994 Crore, Date of Allotment: July 29 2020, Date of Maturity July 29 2030, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @7.25 % p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment
7.25% Unsecured Redeemable Non- Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2 Bonds Series XXII in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08167	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: Oct. 14 <sup>th</sup> 2020, Date of Maturity 14/10/2030, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @7.25% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment
7.10% Unsecured Redeemable Non- Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2 Bonds Series XXIII in the nature of Debenture. INE160A08175	Issue size: Rs.1500 Crore, Date of Allotment: Nov. 11 <sup>th</sup> 2020, Date of Maturity 09/11/2035, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @7.10% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form with the call option at the end of 10 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment Issue size: Rs.495 Crore, Date of Allotment: Jan 22 <sup>nd</sup>
Convertible subordinate Basel-III compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds Series XII in the nature of Debenture.	2021, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.1 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.60% annual with the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form
Convertible Basel-III compliant Tier 2	Issue size: Rs.1919 Crore, Date of Allotment: Nov. 18 <sup>th</sup> 2021, Date of Maturity 18/11/2031, Face Value: Rs.10 million, Rate of Interest and Frequency:

-		
	Debenture.	@7.10% p.a. Annual, Listing: On the Bombay Stock
	INE160A08191	Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form with
		the call option at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> year from the date of
		allotment and thereafter each coupon date
26	8.40% Unsecured Perpetual Non-	Issue size: Rs.2000 Crore, Date of Allotment:
	Convertible subordinate Basel-III	December 9th 2021, Perpetual, Face Value: Rs.10
	compliant additional Tier 1 Bonds	million, Rate of Interest and Frequency: @ 8.40%
	Series XIII in the nature of Debenture.	annual with the call option at the end of 5th year from
	INE160A08209	the date of allotment, Listing: On Bombay Stock
		Exchange Ltd (BSE). All in Dematerialised form

## TABLE DF – 14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments of Punjab National Bank (PNB)

Sr. No	. Instrument	Full Terms and Conditions
1	Equity Shares	Ordinary Shares, non-cumulative

# TABLE DF – 14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments of PNB International Ltd.

Sr. No.	Instrument	Full Terms and Conditions
1	Tier II (Canara Bank)	Rate - 6m libor+450bps, end date – 23/12/2028
2	Tier II (Bank of Baroda)	Rate - 6m libor+450bps, end date – 19/08/2024

## TABLE DF – 14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments of Druk PNB Bank Ltd.

S.	Instrument	Full Terms and Conditions
No.		
	(Subordinated bonds)	Shall be for a period of 10 years at a coupon rate of 6% p.a. maturing on April 8 <sup>th</sup> 2024. The coupon Payment will be payable on annually basis. The Subordinate Bonds allotted shall be in the form of DEMAT held with Central Depository under the ownership of MoF, RGOB.