Sr.No.	Query	Reply
1	Who is eligible for investment in	Indian Resident who has attained the age
	SCSS 2004 Scheme	of 60 years. (55 years in case of
		retirement on Superannuation ,VRS or
		a special voluntary scheme and for
		retired Defence Personal, on attaining
		the age of fifty years subject to fulfilment
		of other specified conditions.
2	Are Non-resident Indians, Persons	Non resident Indians (NRIs), Persons of
	of Indian Origin and Hindu	Indian Origin (PIO) and Hindu Undivided
	Undivided Family eligible to invest	Family (HUF) are not eligible to invest in the
	in the SCSS, 2004	accounts under the SCSS, 2004. If a
		depositor becomes a Non-resident Indian
		subsequent to his/her opening the account
		and during the currency of the account
		under the SCSS Rules, the account may be
		allowed to continue till maturity, on a non-
		repatriation basis and the account will be
		marked as a Non-Resident account. [Rule
		13 and GOI letter F.No.2/8/2004/NS-II
		dated June 19, 2006)
3	Whether SCSS account can be	There is no such provision exists under
	opened in favour of a mentally	Senior Citizen Savings Scheme. Therefore
	retarded person to be operable by a	such account can not be opened in favour
4	Guardian appointed by the Court.	of mentally retarded person
4	What is the age limit in the case of retired Defence Personnel for	The retired personnel of Defence Services
	retired Defence Personnel for investment in the scheme	(excluding Civilian Defence Employees) will be eligible to subscribe under the scheme is
	investment in the scheme	50 years (amended in Oct, 2017) subject to
		the fulfillment of other specified conditions.
		(The Senior Citizens Savings Scheme
		(Amendment) Rules, 2004 notified on
		October 27, 2004)
5	Is there a period prescribed for	If the investor is 60 years and above, there
	opening deposit account under the	is no time period prescribed for opening the
	SCSS scheme, by the senior citizen,	SCSS account(s). However for those below
	from the retirement benefits	60 years, following time limits have been
		prescribed.
		(a) the persons who have attained the age
		of 55 years or more but less than 60 years
		and who has retired on superannuation or
		otherwise on the date of opening of an
		account under these rules, subject to the
		condition that the account is opened by such
		individual within one month of the date of
		receipt of the retirement benefits.

## Frequently Asked Questions on Senior Citizens Savings Scheme

6	Can a joint account be opened	<ul> <li>(b) the retired personnel of Defence Services (excluding Civilian Defence Employees) will be eligible to subscribe under the scheme on attaining the age of 50 years subject to the fulfillment of other specified conditions.</li> <li>Joint account under the SCSS, 2004 can be opened only with the spouse. [Rule 3 (3)]</li> </ul>
7	under the scheme with any person Whether both the spouses can open separate accounts in their individual capacity with separate limit of Rs.15 lakh for each of them	Both the spouses can open individual and / or joint accounts with each other with the maximum deposits up to Rs.15 lakh each, provided both are individually eligible to invest under relevant provisions of the Rules governing the Scheme. (Rules 3 and 4)
8	Can more than none account be opened	YES, The facility of opening of multiple accounts is available under the scheme. The retired person can open more than one account on receipt of the retirement benefits in piecemeal, provided the relevant account is opened with in one month of receipt of the particular retirement benefit
9	Is the age of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> holder is one of the factor to decide the eligibility to invest under the scheme.	In case of a joint account, age of 1 <sup>st</sup> applicant/ depositor is the only factor to decide the eligibility to invest under the scheme. There is no age bar/limit for the 2 <sup>nd</sup> applicant/joint holder (i.e. spouse)Rule-3(3)
10	What will be the share of the joint account holder in the deposit in an account.	The whole amount of investment in an account under the scheme is attributed to the first applicant / depositor only. As such, the question of any share of the second applicant / joint account holder (i.e. spouse) in the deposit account does not arise. [Rule 3 (3)]
11	Can a nomination be made	ves
12	Whether only one person or number of persons can be nominated in the accounts opened under the Scheme?	The depositor may, at the time of opening of the account, nominate a person or persons who, in the event of death of the depositor, will be entitled to payment due on the account. [Rule 6 (1)]
13	Can a nomination be made after the account has already been opened	Yes, nomination may be made by the depositor at any time after opening of the account but before its closure, by an application in Form - 1 accompanied by the Pass book to the deposit office. [Rule 6 (2)]

11	Con a nomination be concelled or	Vac the pomination made by the departure
14	Can a nomination be cancelled or	Yes, the nomination made by the depositor
	changed	may be cancelled or varied by submitting a fresh nomination in Form 1 to the deposit
		office where the account is being
15	Can nomination be made in joint	maintained. [Rule 6 (3)] Nomination can be made in joint account
15	account also.	also. In such a case, the joint holder will be
		the first person entitled to receive the
		amount payable in the event of death of the
		depositor. The nominee's claim will arise
		only after the death of both the joint holders.
		[Rule 6 (4)]
16	Can a person holding a Power of	No, a person holding a Power of Attorney
	Attorney sign for the nominee in the	cannot sign for the nominee in the
	nomination form ?	nomination form. (GOI letter No.
		F.15/8/2005/NS-II dated March 02, 2006)
17	Whether any fee has been	No fee has been prescribed for nomination
	prescribed for nomination and / or	and / or change / cancellation of
	change / cancellation of nomination	nomination(s) in the accounts under the
	_	SCSS, 2004. (GOI letter F. No.2/8/2004/NS-
		II dated October 13, 2004)
18	Can deposits under the SCSS	In case an investor has attained the age of
	scheme be made only from	60 years and above, the source of amount
	amounts received as retirements	being invested is immaterial [Rule 2 (d)(i)].
	benefits	However, if the investor is 55 years or above
		but below 60 years and has retired on
		superannuation or under a voluntary
		scheme or a special voluntary scheme or
		has retired from the Defence services, only
		the retirement benefits can be invested in
4.0		the SCSS. [Rule 2(d) (ii)].
19	What is the meaning of 'retirement	Retirement benefits" for the purpose of
	benefits' for the purpose of SCSS,	SCSS Rules have been defined as 'any
	2004	payment due to the depositor on account of
		retirement whether on superannuation or otherwise and includes Provident Fund
		dues, retirement / superannuation gratuity,
		commuted value of pension, cash
		equivalent of leave, savings element of
		Group Savings linked Insurance scheme
		payable by employer to the employee on
		retirement, retirement-cum-withdrawal
		Pension Scheme and ex-gratia payments
		Pension Scheme and ex-gratia payments under a voluntary retirement scheme'. (Rule
		Pension Scheme and ex-gratia payments

20	What is the maturity period of the investment or it can be extended further	5 Years which can be extended by 3 years once.
21	Is premature withdrawal of the deposits from the accounts under the SCSS, 2004 permitted	The account holder may withdraw the deposit and close the account at any time subject to the following conditions:-
		(i) if the account is closed before one year after the date of opening of account, interest paid on the deposit in the account shall be recovered from the deposit and the balance shall be paid to the account holder.
		(ii) If the account is closed after one year but before expiry of two years from the date of opening of the account, an amount equal to one and half per cent of the deposit shall be deducted.
		(ii) If the account is closed on or after the expiry of two years from the date of opening of the account, an amount equal to one per cent of the deposit shall be deducted.
		However, if the depositor is availing the facility of extension of account under Rule 4 (3), then he/she can withdraw the deposit and close the account at any time after the expiry of one year from the date of extension of the account without any deduction. [Rule 9 (1) (a) (b) and (2)].
22	Can an SCSS account be extended	A depositor may extend the account for a further period of three years by making an application to the deposit office within a period of one year after maturity (once).
23	Does an account, which is not extended on maturity, earn any interest	In case a depositor does not close the account on maturity and also does not extend the account, the account will be treated as matured and the depositor will be entitled to close the account at any time subject to the condition that the post maturity interest at the rate as applicable to the deposits under the Post office Savings Accounts from time to time will be payable on such matured deposits up to the end of the month preceding the month of the closure of the account.
24	What happens to the accounts if both the spouses are maintaining individual accounts and not any	If both the spouses have opened separate accounts under the scheme and either of the spouses dies during the currency of the

	joint account and one of them	account(s), the account(s) standing in the
	expires	name of the deceased depositor/spouse
		shall not be continued and such account(s)
		shall be closed. The account can be closed
25	In case of a joint account if the first	by making an application in Form 3.
25	In case of a joint account, if the first	In case of a joint account, if the first holder /
	holder / depositor expires before	depositor expires before the maturity of the
	maturity, can the account be continued	account, the spouse may continue the account on the same terms and conditions
	continued	as specified under the SCSS Rules.
		However, if the second holder i.e. spouse
		has his / her own individual account, the
		aggregate of his/her individual account and
		the deposit amount in the joint account of
		the deceased spouse should not be more
		than the prescribed maximum limit. In case
		the maximum limit is breached, then the
		remaining amount shall be refunded, so that
		the aggregate of the individual account and
		deceased spouse's joint account is
		maintained at the maximum limit. [Rules 6
		(4) and 8 (3)]
26	What is minimum and maximum	Minimum Rs.1000.00 and Maximum
	limit of investment	Rs.1500000.00
27	Is TDS applicable to the scheme	Yes, TDS is applicable to the Scheme as
		interest payments have not been exempted
		from deduction of tax at source. (GOI letter
00	Whathan any minimum limit has	F. No.2/8/2004/NS-II dated March 28, 2006
28	Whether any minimum limit has	Tax is to be deducted at source as per the minimum limit prescribed by the
	been prescribed for deduction of tax at source	minimum limit prescribed by the Government
29	What is the rate at which TDS is to	The rate for TDS for a financial year is
29	be deducted from the account	specified in Part II of Schedule I of the
	holder	Finance Act for that year. (GOI letter F.
		No.2/8/2004/NS-II dated June 06, 2006
30	Whether TDS should also be	Tax shall be deducted at source even from
	recovered from the undrawn	any interest paid / payable to the legal heir
	interest payable to the legal heirs of	of the account holder. (GOI letter F.
	the deceased depositors	No.2/8/2004/NS-II dated June 06, 2006).
31	Whether TDS on interest payments	TDS is applicable from the very first day
	will be applicable with retrospective	when SCSS, 2004 was made operational
	effect or prospective basis	regardless of the fact that the Central
		Government or Reserve Bank of India or
		any authority might have issued any
		Notification / circular / clarification at a later
		stage. (GOI letter F. No.2/8/2004/NS-II
•		dated June 06, 2006)
32	Whether any income tax rebate /	Investment in SCSS qualifies for deduction
	exemption is admissible	under Section 80C of the Income-tax
		(I-T) Act. However, this tax benefit is under

33	Can an account holder obtain loan	the overall current ceiling of Rs. 1.5 lakh per annum fixed for all investments under Section 80C. Section 80C benefit is available in the financial year in which the deposit is made in SCSS. There will be no additional benefit under Section 80C for the extension of an existing account after five years The facility of pledging the deposit / account
	by pledging the deposit / account under the SCSS, 2004?	under the SCSS, 2004 for obtaining loans, is not permitted since the account holder will not be able to withdraw the interest amount periodically, defeating the very purpose of the scheme. (GOI letter F. No.2/8/2004/NS- II dated May 31, 2005)
34	Can an account be transferred from one deposit office to another	Yes, account can be from one deposit office to another. If the deposit amount is rupees one lakh or above, a transfer fee of rupees five per lakh of deposit for the first transfer and rupees ten per lakh of deposit for the second and subsequent transfers shall be payable. [Rule 11 and GOI Notification GSR.(E) dated March 23, 2006)
35	Whether commission is payable to the agents under the Scheme	Payment of commission on the Scheme has been discontinued w.e.f. December 1, 2011 (Government of India Notification dated November 25, 2011).
36	What happens if an account is opened in contravention of the SCSS Rules	If an account has been opened in contravention of the SCSS Rules, the account shall be closed immediately and the deposit in the account, after deduction of the interest, if any, paid on such deposit, shall be refunded to the depositor. (Rule 12)